

THE JERUSALEM POST

TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1976 • IKAR 5, 5736 • JAMADI AWVAL 7, 1396 • VOL. XLVI, No. 13697

Herzog: UN Council debate 'a waste'

TED NATIONS. — Israel said today that the current Security Council debate on the territories is "a waste of time" and charged it is a result of "the volatile, ill-considered interrelationship in the Arab world."

Remarks prepared for delivery by the Security Council yesterday noon, Israeli ambassador Haim Herzog said that Israel is in a game of one-upmanship with Syria and to take advantage of the tension and confrontation between Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organization in the Lebanon. Herzog said that the Palestinian Arabs are only an excuse "always" used by the Arab "as pawns in the inter-Arab game."

Analyzing the situation in Lebanon, Herzog concluded: "This is part of an Egyptian effort to assert itself in the Arab world to score over the Syrians within the framework of the struggle with the other."

Referring to Egyptian accusations in the Council Tuesday of Israel mistreatment of the Gaza population, Herzog accused Egypt of "pressing the people in the Gaza Strip during the 15 years they were under Egyptian control. 'You treated them as slaves,' Herzog said to the Egyptian representative, 'You violated one human right after another.'"

Herzog charged Jordan with "oppressing the Arab population for 19 years," while the West Bank was under Jordanian control. Stating that he does not ignore the problems that exist at present in the West Bank, Herzog said, however, that Israel is proud of its record there. He noted that Israel has never carried out a death penalty against an Arab terrorist, that the standard of living of the Arabs in the administered territories has risen and that there is freedom to express any political opinion "including extreme views opposing the State of Israel."

Herzog disclosed during his speech that an investigation is under way in Israel of the proposal by a citizen of the West Bank to a foreign television crew to organize incidents such as burning of tyres or creating road blocks in return for a payment of \$500.

He accused Egypt and the PLO of inciting the disturbances in the West Bank and charged that the incitement "is designed to prevent the development of a dialogue between the new leadership (in the West Bank) and the Israeli administration."

Earlier, the PLO's UN observer, Zuhdi Tassi, said that the people of the occupied Arab territories would not submit to genocide, but would "resist like the heroes of the Warsaw ghetto uprising."

"We will on no account permit the Zionists to capitalize on the Nazi mass murders of Jews to perpetrate the genocide of Palestinians," he said. (JTA, Reuters)

(Continued on page 2, col. 2)

Referring to the situation in Lebanon, Herzog concluded: "This is part of an Egyptian effort to assert itself in the Arab world to score over the Syrians within the framework of the struggle with the other."

Analyzing the situation in Lebanon, Herzog concluded: "This is part of an Egyptian effort to assert itself in the Arab world to score over the Syrians within the framework of the struggle with the other."

Referring to Egyptian accusations in the Council Tuesday of Israel mistreatment of the Gaza population, Herzog accused Egypt of "pressing the people in the Gaza Strip during the 15 years they were under Egyptian control. 'You treated them as slaves,' Herzog said to the Egyptian representative, 'You violated one human right after another.'"

Herzog charged Jordan with "oppressing the Arab population for 19 years," while the West Bank was under Jordanian control. Stating that he does not ignore the problems that exist at present in the West Bank, Herzog said, however, that Israel is proud of its record there. He noted that Israel has never carried out a death penalty against an Arab terrorist, that the standard of living of the Arabs in the administered territories has risen and that there is freedom to express any political opinion "including extreme views opposing the State of Israel."

Herzog disclosed during his speech that an investigation is under way in Israel of the proposal by a citizen of the West Bank to a foreign television crew to organize incidents such as burning of tyres or creating road blocks in return for a payment of \$500.

He accused Egypt and the PLO of inciting the disturbances in the West Bank and charged that the incitement "is designed to prevent the development of a dialogue between the new leadership (in the West Bank) and the Israeli administration."

Earlier, the PLO's UN observer, Zuhdi Tassi, said that the people of the occupied Arab territories would not submit to genocide, but would "resist like the heroes of the Warsaw ghetto uprising."

"We will on no account permit the Zionists to capitalize on the Nazi mass murders of Jews to perpetrate the genocide of Palestinians," he said. (JTA, Reuters)

(Continued on page 2, col. 2)

Yom
Atzmout
Pages two
and three

Price: IL1.90

'U.S. key to Syrian Jewish problem'

WASHINGTON. — The U.S. "holds the key" to solving the Syrian Jewish problem, the President of the French Senate said here yesterday. Despite Syrian moves over the past year toward liberalization of obstacles to Jewish emigration remain in effect, said French Senate President Alain Poirer, who heads the International Committee for the Liberation of Jews in the Middle East.

Poirer told a luncheon of the Overseas Writers Club that the U.S. is in the best position to influence the Syrian policy because of its contacts with Syria on Middle East problems, particularly the Lebanese crisis.

Poirer is on a week-long tour of the U.S. to arouse American public opinion to the plight of the Syrian Jews. He plans to meet with a number of American officials to discuss the subject.

Since the committee was formed seven years ago, Poirer said it has been responsible for marked improvements in the treatment of Jews in Egypt and Iraq. (AP)

Ford delays foreign aid bill veto

'MAY YET ACT THIS WEEK'

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — President Ford yesterday again postponed a veto of the pending foreign aid authorization bill, although Administration officials insisted that the veto would definitely still be made. White House Press Secretary Ron Nessen said yesterday that the President delayed the veto to prepare a statement about his objections to the bill. Nessen said the veto would come in "the next couple of days."

On Tuesday, Nessen announced that Ford would veto the foreign aid measure by yesterday, but he did not. Nessen then said the President was concerned that the bill would tie his hands in conducting foreign policy.

Some sources here believe that other factors might be behind the delay, such as additional consultations between Administration officials and the Congress. Congress approved the bill last week.

A White House source said that the letter explaining the veto is on the President's desk awaiting his signature, but that the President was waiting before he signed it. While insisting that the President would veto the bill, which includes some \$2.2b. in economic and military aid for Israel, the source could not explain the delay.

Ford has maintained that the congressional limitations on the President's conduct of foreign policy, especially the human rights and arms sales restrictions in the bill, were the primary cause of the veto. He has asked the Congress to remove these amendments, or at least to ease the restrictions.

Congressional supporters of Israel are upset over the expected presidential veto of the authorization bill because they maintain that the limitations were negotiated in accordance with the Administration's guidelines.

The President has also threatened to veto the accompanying foreign aid appropriations bill because of the additional \$550m. included for Israel on the transitional quarter.

But on this matter, there is some hope that a suitable compromise might yet be worked out between the President and the Congress. Sen. Daniel Inouye (D-Hawaii), chairman of the Appropriations Foreign Operations subcommittee, told reporters on Tuesday afternoon that he might be prepared to accept a \$470m. compromise with the Administration for the transitional funding.

Other sources said that the President might agree to provide \$375m. rather than \$550m. provided that all of the assistance is in the form of loans rather than grants. Because the two branches are in the same range, most observers here believe that an agreement can be reached.

If the President vetoes the authorization bill this week, as expected, the Congress will have to approve a "continuing resolution" allocating funding to foreign aid recipients. Israeli supporters say that they will try to attach an amendment making sure that aid to Israel continues at the 1976 fiscal year rate instead of last year's lower rate.

Egypt won't publish anti-Soviet grievances

CAIRO. — Egypt decided yesterday not to publish a list of its grievances against the Soviet Union, official sources said here yesterday.

In a speech last Saturday, President Sadat said he had ordered the publication of a message sent to Moscow after the expulsion of about 20,000 Soviet military experts from Egypt in 1972. It contained what Sadat said were "decisive replies to Soviet slanders."

The Egyptian decision not to publish the message was prompted by a Soviet proposal last week suggesting a two-stage resumption of the Geneva Middle East peace conference. Diplomats said the Soviet scheme has met with Egyptian approval. (Reuters)

U.S. officials rap comments by Schlesinger, Humphrey

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — American officials reacted sharply to former Defense Secretary James Schlesinger's comments that the Ford Administration is treating Israel in the same manner it dealt with the South Vietnamese Government before it fell to the Communists last year.

They charged that Schlesinger was being "hypocritical" for vocally supporting Israel now, while accepting the Administration's views during his several years as head of the Pentagon. The officials said that the U.S. has never asked Israel to make "one-sided concessions," as Schlesinger charged.

Observers noted yesterday that Schlesinger's blast at the Administration's Middle East policy was similar to that voiced on Monday evening by Senator Hubert Humphrey (D-Minn.), who also expressed serious concern over an erosion of support for Israel by the Administration. Both speeches contradicted comments made recently by senior Israeli officials who have maintained that U.S.-Israeli relations — while not always 100 per cent in agreement — were basically very good.

American officials who do not support Schlesinger told reporters yesterday that he was obviously trying to "get at" Secretary of State Kissinger, with whom he has maintained bitter relations over the past several years. They said that Schlesinger, who now teaches political science at the Johns Hopkins University School of Advanced International Studies in Washington, should not be taken seriously at this point. They denied that there was a comparison between the U.S. treatment of the present Rabin government and the ousted Saigon regime of Nguyen Van Thieu.

Both Schlesinger and Humphrey spoke at the 17th annual conference of the American Israel Public Affairs Committee here.

Humphrey declared: "The Ford administration simply does not understand that actions which are perceived to weaken the American commitment to Israel will not bring peace to the Middle East. They can only bring confusion and postponement of peace. A final peace is all that Israel seeks — a peace that will end the hatred and a peace that will provide security."

In his first major address since announcing that he will not seek the Democratic Party nomination for President, Humphrey asserted that "whoever will be President next year should assure all nations that we are ready to have constructive and positive relations with them but we will not do so if the price is ending our special relationship with Israel."

Humphrey noted that the "re-supply efforts" to Israel during the Yom Kippur War came "only after incredible pressure was exerted by members of Congress on the administration, using all of their muscle with President Nixon and Secretary Kissinger." Other acts cited by the Senator included the "too many occasions" at the UN when the U.S. remained quiet while nations tried to humiliate Israel, and the countenance by the administration of "an unjust and odious boycott of Israel by powerful corporations and Arab nations." (JTA)

Schlesinger — Page 4



On Independence Day morning in Jerusalem's Ben-Yehuda Street yesterday passers-by inspect the paintings of the artistic "happening" organized at the site of Monday's scooter-bomb blast, on huge panels and even on the roadway itself.

REAGAN SWEEPS THREE PRIMARIES, LEADS FORD

WASHINGTON. — Ronald Reagan swept to primary victories over President Ford in Georgia, Alabama and Indiana on Tuesday, and forged ahead for the first time in the race for Republican Party convention delegates.

Jimmy Carter continued his unimpeded drive toward the Democratic presidential nomination with wins in Georgia and Indiana, and led in the District of Columbia.

The triple win gave Reagan, the conservative former California governor, four primary victories in a row, and virtually assured a Ford-Reagan battle all the way to the GOP convention at Kansas City in August.

Ford's prospects for a quick comeback were considered dim for next week's primaries in border state West Virginia and the conservative farm state of Nebraska.

The victory in Indiana was Reagan's first north of the Mason-Dixon line, and came seven weeks after he overwhelmingly lost to Ford in neighbouring Illinois.

Ford conceded the three defeats. His campaign manager, Rogers Morton, blamed the setback in Indiana on a cross-over vote by conservative Democrats.

New twists in the Republican Party plot are still possible before it is played out at the nominating convention this summer. Primaries

in 16 states will be held before then, and they could attract new faces to the campaign cast.

Nonetheless, Reagan has, for the first time, established himself as a challenger who can convince the Republican hierarchy that he has a real chance of denying nomination to a sitting President.

The former actor in cowboy westerns and later California's governor was once on the verge of elimination as a presidential candidate, with money running short, after a succession of early primary election defeats by Ford. But he held on and turned fate around.

Reagan had launched his candidacy with a big sendoff from the public opinion polls and promising prospects at the start of the primary competition. From that point, it was downhill. He lost the first five primaries — there are 31 in all before he upset Ford in the North Carolina voting March 23. Then he scored a remarkable sweep of Texas' 96 delegates over Ford on Saturday.

Now it is Ford who is skidding, although his spokesman said the President remains determined and convinced he will win the Republican nomination. But an outcome that had seemed inevitable to many Republican leaders no longer looks like a sure thing. Unless Ford can quickly repair the damage by dealing setbacks to Reagan in the coming primaries, the race could begin to look inviting to some men now on the sidelines.

Should Reagan build on his current advantage, Republicans like John Connally and Vice-President Nelson Rockefeller might see openings that didn't exist before. That could draw more after the primary election season, which ends in early June — nine weeks before the nominating convention.

Reagan emerged from the Tuesday primaries with 360 committed delegates in his column. Ford has 292. That has not happened to an incumbent American President seeking re-election in modern times.

Ford has had reserve delegate strength in the ranks of nominally uncommitted Republicans, including



Republican presidential candidate Ronald Reagan wore a victor's smile as he met local Nebraska supporters in Omaha yesterday while the results came in from primaries in Indiana, Alabama and Georgia showing he won in those states against President Ford. (UPI telephoto)

Pressure to drop Kissinger

By CHARLES FENYVESI
Special to The Jerusalem Post

WASHINGTON. — President Ford is under increasingly powerful pressure from within his party to get rid of Secretary of State Kissinger. He is advised that Kissinger's departure from the cabinet, prior to the Republican convention, would take the wind out of Reagan's sail, and that even if Reagan is rejected, Kissinger's head would be a much-needed peace offering to the right wing of the party.

Ford's reaction is said to be a somewhat "I cannot do that, it wouldn't be right," but the atmosphere around him is tense.

His closest advisers express serious concerns with Reagan's and Carter's strong showings and Ford's surprisingly weak hold over his own Re-

publican party. Even before the humiliating Ford defeat at the Texas primary last week, party regulars warned that Ford will lose votes because of Kissinger's readiness "to negotiate away" U.S. domination of the Panama Canal as well as Kissinger's "courtship" of Russians and Marxist Africans, Chinese and North Vietnamese.

Ever since Kissinger made his speech in Zambia announcing U.S. support for black liberation forces challenging white supremacist regimes, telephone calls and telegrams have been pouring into the White House cautioning Ford that Kissinger's pronouncements in Africa will be read in America's south-land in a way that will seriously damage Ford's chances of developing an effective "southern strategy."

It appears that only after the delivery were Kissinger's African speeches read in the White House — and perhaps no more than their general outlines were discussed with Ford prior to Kissinger's departure.

It is pointed out to Ford that much of Reagan's support comes from these Republicans — and conservative Democrats — who have strong objections to Kissinger's policy of détente with the USSR and to the so-called Sonnenfeldt doctrine calling for U.S. support for a Soviet consolidation of power in the countries of Eastern Europe. There is no doubt that Reagan will continue to use the slogan of Kissinger's detente being a one-way street favouring the Soviets and to cite alleged quotes from Kissinger to the effect that the U.S. should accept being No. 2 power in the world.

Reagan's rhetoric strikes a responsive chord because his themes involve the fundamental issue of trust, and Kissinger is not trusted. Untrustworthiness with his great power responsibility and with his techniques of flitting and balancing are not restricted to liberals and other ideologically oriented Americans for whom the ideal is that America be morally right in its conduct of foreign affairs.

Curfew in fifth day

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The curfews in the old market area of Nablus (the Casbah) and in Tulkarm went into their fifth consecutive day yesterday, while another curfew was imposed for a few hours in the centre of Jenin. In Nablus and Ramallah, Arab youths were injured in clashes with security forces.

All the members of the Nablus city council joined with leaders of public bodies yesterday to sign a protest against the Military Government. They demanded an end to the curfew in the Casbah and the removal of the iron gates sealing off the market, the reopening of the schools, the release of persons detained in the recent wave of disturbances, and an inquiry into the death of the Nablus youth Samir

Samhan, killed on Saturday in a May Day demonstration, in a clash with an IDF patrol.

A source in the Nablus city hall said the Casbah quarter was virtually cut off from the rest of the city, and was short of food and medicines. The electricity supply, cut off in the riots, had not been restored. The Military Government agreed, after a meeting with city officials, to permit bakeries to operate and allow ambulances and fire engines into the Casbah.

The Military Government informed the Nablus city council yesterday that it would get IL1m. in loans and grants.

One youth was wounded by shots fired in the air in a Ramallah demonstration. Stones were thrown in Jenin.



The daily "fix"...

... of heroin: Arthur Kemelman investigates the drug racket.

After the West Bank elections: an assessment by Yossi Goell.

How objective is our TV news? David Frank goes to Television House to find out.

Triplets can be a mixed blessing: Marcia Pomerantz reports.

Joan Borsten talks to "the discotheque rabbi," who recently infiltrated a communal retreat in order to win back a strayed Jewish soul.

The weekend Dry Bones.

This and more in tomorrow's THE JERUSALEM POST MAGAZINE

Tourists! DUTY AND TAX FREE
30% reduction
WOMEN'S & MEN'S
SUEDE & LEATHER WEAR
Leather handbags department.
The leader of suede and leather.
SCHNEIDMAN
Tel Aviv, 25 RENOV ZAMENHOFF.
(near 29 King George St.) Tel. 236665.
* Kibbutz Ayot El Hashahar.



THE WEATHER

Forecast: Sharav conditions. Weather synopsis: Warm low over Libya moving to the east.

	Yesterday's	Yesterday's	Min-Max
	Humidity	Min-Max	
Jerusalem	29	14-26	15-28
Golan	31	12-25	16-28
Nahariya	78	15-24	17-27
Safed	35	16-24	18-27
Rafiah Port	—	—	18-27
Tiberias	27	17-26	19-27
Nazareth	28	16-26	19-27
Afula	60	21-29	22-32
Shomron	24	18-24	22-32
Tel Aviv	36	17-26	22-32
B.G. Airport	30	14-29	22-32
Jericho	24	17-27	19-30
Chana	66	16-27	17-28
Sderahaba	13	18-21	21-28
Eilat	13	18-28	21-40
Tiran Straits	12	25-36	26-40

Social and Personal

The President of the Weizmann Institute of Science, Prof. Michael Sela, has been elected a foreign member of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences.

Mayor Teddy Kolek was yesterday presented with a "friendly letter of greeting" from the Mayor of New Haven, Connecticut, when members of the U.S. community attended the Mayor's annual Independence Day reception as part of the United Jewish Appeal's Young Leadership Mission.

A sports ground, donated by the Children and Youth Aliya Committee for Great Britain, was dedicated on Monday at the Talpiot Children's Village near Hadera in the presence of Sir Isaac and Lady Wolfson, on the occasion of their golden wedding anniversary. Among those present at the ceremony were: Interior Minister Yosef Burg; Yosef Klerman, head of Youth Aliya; and Hella Kleiman, co-chairman of the Children and Youth Aliya Committee for Great Britain.

Dr. Meir Lahav of the Weizmann Institute will lecture in Hebrew at 11 a.m. tomorrow on "Reactions in Organic Crystals." The lecture will take place at the School of Pharmacy, in Jerusalem's Ein Kerem medical school campus.

Rabbi Emanuel Marcus will lecture in English on Pirke Avot at the Beit Yisrael synagogue, Rehov Pele Yoetz, Yemin Moshe, Jerusalem, on Saturday, 5:30 p.m. Mayor Yosef Nevo (Aluf-mishne res.) of Herzliya, will speak on "State Policy and Security during 1976," at today's weekly meeting of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary club, ZOA House at 1:15 p.m.

Journalist Hagai Eshed will speak on "Are Israel-American Relations deteriorating?" at the Vocal Newspaper, on Friday, 8:45 p.m. at Beit Ha'am in Jerusalem. Other speakers will include Welfare Ministry spokesman Avraham Hoffman and journalist Dani Rubinstein.

ARRIVALS

Sam Rothberg, General Chairman of the Israel Bonds Campaign, Steve Bender, Fred Gould and Marvin Lender, from the U.S., and the head of the UJA Young Leadership Mission (by El Al).

Just Schmidt, manager of the Bellevue Palace in Bern, Switzerland, on a business visit.

DEPARTURES

Professor Galman J. Alon, Director-General of Hadassah Medical Organization, to Paris, at the invitation of the French Government, for meetings with leading French health authorities. Ben-Gurion University president Yosef Tekoch, for a series of UJA appearances in the U.S.

Aluf Efrat ill

The O/C Central Command, Aluf Yona Efrat, was taken ill in Jerusalem after the Independence Eve ceremony on Mount Herzl and sent to the Shaare Tzedek Hospital for observation.

HELENA ZUSMAN

of Los Angeles. We will meet on Friday, May 7, at 9 a.m. at the Sanhedria cemetery in Jerusalem.

Children: Horowitz family—Alon Shvnt Amihai family—Kfar Etzion Sons: Howard, David and Shlomo

YEHUDA WISSENSTERN

The funeral took place on Tuesday, May 4, 1976, in Jerusalem. Shiva will be observed at the home of the Ataiya family, 65 Rehov Tchernichowsky, Jerusalem.

THE FAMILY

Chaim Dromi of Miami Beach, Florida, deeply mourns the passing of his mother

Mrs. NECHAMA SIVAK

The funeral will leave from 5 Dafna Street, Tel Aviv, for the Holon Cemetery today, Thursday, May 6, 1976, at 3 p.m.

Shiv'a at 1 Ba'alei Hamelacha Street, Tel Aviv.

Independence Day festivities highlights picnics, parties



Merry making crowds throng in Jerusalem's Rehov Ben-Yehuda on Independence Day eve, near the site of Monday night's terrorist bomb blast.

Jerusalem Post Staff
Israel's 28th Independence Day festivities went off with the accent less on street jollity this year, and more on private evening parties and picnic outings during the day to woods and beaches.

There were no security incidents to mar the holiday, but on Lake Kinneret four persons drowned, while in Independence Park in Jerusalem, an 18-year-old was stabbed to death in a brawl.

Jerusalem's streets were somewhat quieter than in previous years, except for an artistic "happening" at the site of the Arab terror blast two days earlier. In Tel Aviv, however, an estimated 300,000 roamed the streets. Police and other security forces were in evidence in all the cities, while light planes occasionally flew over Jerusalem, to detect possible positioning of terrorist rocket launchers on the outskirts. No finds were reported.

The Post's Abraham Rubinstein reports from Jerusalem:
The "happening" on the site of Monday's explosion in downtown Jerusalem was a highlight of Independence Day celebrations in the capital.

Twenty-four hours after a terrorist bomb exploded on Mordechai Ben-Hillel and Ben-Yehuda streets, 12 of Jerusalem's top artists were standing on the corner painting gay scenes or affirmations of love for Jerusalem on large panels. "This is our answer to the explosion," said one of the artists.

By late afternoon, two dozen large panels were being set up by members of the Artists and Painters Association at the intersection of Ben Yehuda and Ben Hillel about 20 metres from the explosion site. At 8:30 p.m., the artists set down cans of paint, picked up their brushes and began to express themselves as the crowds beginning to stream into the downtown area pressed around.

Aside from this event, Independence Day in the capital was celebrated in relatively quiet fashion. The municipality's efforts to decentralize the celebrations succeeded only too well, according to many disappointed visitors downtown. Except for a band performing in the square before Beit Agnon, the rest of the downtown streets were devoid of music and youthful dancers did hula to their own rhythm.

The dice games and other games of chance which have become a feature of downtown Jerusalem on Independence Day in recent years resulted in the first holiday murder in memory. Uri Morad, 18, was

stabbed to death in Independence Park close to the dance area near Beit Agnon. According to police, Morad was involved in a fight with two others over a dice game. The two others were arrested. Thousands of the city's families picnicked yesterday in the Jerusalem Forest, Aqua Bella and other sites around the capital. The annual Independence Day reception given by Mayor Teddy Kolek and District Representative Rafi Levi drew some 3,000 persons to the Citadel yesterday afternoon. For the first time in years, Arab mayors from the Bethlehem area did not attend, although other Arabs did. The guests also included tourists and Danny Kaye.

PRIVATE PARTIES

Sarah Homig reports from Tel Aviv:
More townfolk than had been the case in previous years chose to spend the eve of Independence Day at home rather than join the masses roaming about aimlessly in the colourfully-lit city streets.

The number of private parties increased this year, and more families gathered for festive holiday meals or spent the eve of Israel's 28th anniversary gited to their television sets.

Nevertheless there were still some 300,000 merry-makers crowding the city streets, hitting fellow citizens on the head with the perennial plastic squeak hammers, spraying them with water from toy six-shooters and annoying them with tickle feathers. "When not engaging in these activities, they crowded, make-shift snack bars."

The main centre of festivity was at Kikar Malchei Yisrael, where entertainers led by singer Yaffa Yarkoni put on a "live magazine" portraying the establishment of the State in song and dance. As in other festivity centres around town, merry-makers were treated to fireworks displays.

Most merry-makers continued to engage in what has become a holiday tradition—strolling through the streets attired in holiday best. Some streets became so crowded that it literally became a feat to make one's way among the throngs.

Picnic grounds were crowded, especially Ramat Gan's National Park and the Yarkon Park, where the fire department band entertained families on outing. Beaches were thronged with bathers, for many of whom this was the first dip of the season.

In Holon thousands of bicycle riders circled the city in a special holiday event.

OPEN HOUSE

Ya'acov Friedler reports from Haifa:

The main attraction was an "open house" held by the Navy on five of its craft, in the port. Thousands of residents, tourists and out of town visitors, took the opportunity to view the ships, missile boats of French and Israeli manufacture, both with a Gabriel sea-to-sea missile displayed in one of the launchers: a Da-400-type patrol boat, a tank landing craft also made in Israel Shipyards, and a training ship.

The guests were permitted to roam all over the boats and sailors explained their operation to their guests. Making the rounds on patrol boats for the guests, and on shore displayed various radar installations and naval commando rubber boats and equipment. The crowd was delighted, the tourists were especially impressed and the Navy realized its objective of fostering public relations.

During the morning there was almost bumper-to-bumper traffic to the Carmel forests for outings and picnics, including the annual picnic of South African immigrants, newcomers and veterans. The beaches were also filled, and in the Gan Ha'em park the Mayor and District Representative held their traditional reception in the morning.

David Slav reports from Tiberias:
Crowds estimated at between 25,000 and 30,000 completely filled every available spot around Lake Kinneret yesterday, and three children and an adult drowned in two separate accidents both of beaches without lifeguards, where bathing is forbidden.

At 2:30 p.m. a fibre-glass rowing boat, with two adults and five children from Abu Sna'an village in Western Galilee aboard, overturned after it apparently sprang a leak. Three children, Elias Masri, 10, his six-year-old sister, Rina, and the boy of a neighbor, Elias Naim Barbera, 12, drowned. The adults and two remaining children were saved by fishermen.

An hour earlier, Albert Musad-nah, 24, of Rishon Lezion drowned, when he chased his rubber life ring into deep water, off the fishermen's jetty in Tiberias. He could not swim.

At the Hurshat Tel forest in the north, police estimates claimed more than 50,000 visitors. Reinforced police and army security was apparent everywhere. This was especially felt in Metulla where small forer sites, on the Lebanese border, and in which the residents of this northern town celebrated the day in picnics and sports contests, as IDF patrols passed by close to the celebrants. Lebanese farmers could be seen watching the celebrations from the other side of the border fence.

In Beersheba, the Southern District Representative, Yizhak Vardimon, and a representative of the Adviser on Arab Affairs in the Prime Minister's office, tendered the traditional reception to representatives of the 37,000 Negev Beduin.

One hundred servicemen and women from all the branches and corps of the IDF were guests of President Katzir at the traditional Independence Day reception for out-standing soldiers at the President's Residence in Jerusalem.

The soldiers were selected for exemplary performance of their duties over the past year. They were presented to the President by the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Mordechai Gur, who stressed that it was their "daily achievements that enabled the IDF to reach its characteristic high quality."

The IDF opened its doors to the public yesterday for eight hours of visiting. The public thronged at Navy bases in Haifa, Ashdod and Eilat; at the Officers Training School, the Central Recruits Base, the Physical Training School, all Nahal Corps outposts and the Gdudim Youth Corps bases in Nurit, Juwara and Beer Ora.

At Kaddum camp in Samaria, over 5,000 visitors came to express their solidarity with the Gush Emunim settlers during yesterday.

At Kaddum camp in Samaria, over 5,000 visitors came to express their solidarity with the Gush Emunim settlers during yesterday.

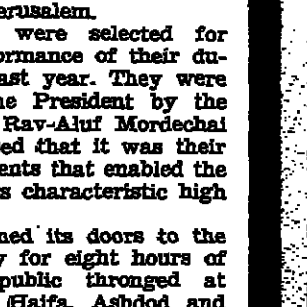
The Israel Prize was awarded yesterday evening for the 24th successive year. The ceremony at the Jerusalem Theatre took place in the presence of President Katzir, Prime Minister Rabin, Knesset Speaker Yeshayahu and many other invited guests. Making the awards was Education Minister Aharon Yadin.

The planned award for cinematic achievement, which was to have gone to entertainer and film-maker Uri Zohar, was cancelled following his refusal to accept the prize in the wake of a public outcry on the matter.

Four of this year's nine prize recipients were honoured for their life's work in various spheres. Rivka Guber and Ya'acov Malmon were awarded recognition for their endeavours in immigrant absorption; the late Prof. Ezra Korine was posthumously honoured together with Simha Holzberg for their contributions to the state and its society, the former mainly for his pioneering work in the rehabilitation of deaf children, and the latter for organizing libraries of the Holocaust and encouraging wounded soldiers and their families.

The remaining five winners were: Rabbi Eliezer Waldenberg for Torah literature; Prof. Yosef Rom for technology and applied engineering; Prof. Gabriel Baer and Sgan-Aluf Ezra Marx for Arabic linguistics and oriental studies and Mordechai Kirshenbaum for his achievements in television.

Referring to the hue and cry raised over this year's award in the cinematic and television arts, Education Minister Yadin stated that the awards panel was an autonomous body, and that no minister was in a position to intervene in its decisions. (Itim)



The new Civil Guard lapel-embroid, depicting an eagle on azure-blue-white background, atop the verse: "As an eagle stirreth up her nest, sovereth over her young." Above the eagle is the police force emblem. The lapel-button is being distributed to Civil Guard volunteers.

9 awarded Israel Prizes

The Israel Prize was awarded yesterday evening for the 24th successive year. The ceremony at the Jerusalem Theatre took place in the presence of President Katzir, Prime Minister Rabin, Knesset Speaker Yeshayahu and many other invited guests. Making the awards was Education Minister Aharon Yadin.

The planned award for cinematic achievement, which was to have gone to entertainer and film-maker Uri Zohar, was cancelled following his refusal to accept the prize in the wake of a public outcry on the matter.

Four of this year's nine prize recipients were honoured for their life's work in various spheres. Rivka Guber and Ya'acov Malmon were awarded recognition for their endeavours in immigrant absorption; the late Prof. Ezra Korine was posthumously honoured together with Simha Holzberg for their contributions to the state and its society, the former mainly for his pioneering work in the rehabilitation of deaf children, and the latter for organizing libraries of the Holocaust and encouraging wounded soldiers and their families.

Rabin: Struggle ahead

(Continued from page 1)
"We shall possibly have to face similar problems of cuts in wages, in other sectors," Rabin said, "in order to make the tax reform apply to all. We shall have to continue to reduce subsidies, when necessary, and take other steps to collect more taxes and block the illegal money market." But he emphasized, the Government has proven itself in this sphere.

In answer to a question on emigration, Rabin said those who leave the country are "a fallout of weakness." This was a familiar phenomenon, he said, during difficult times. Even during the Independence War there were dodgers, but the nation always had the strength to get over its crises.

Tel Aviv Hapoel beats Maccabi in youth tennis

By JACK LEON

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

RAMAT HASHARON. — Tel Aviv Hapoel last night pulled off fine 2-1 victories over defending champions Tel Aviv Maccabi in both the boys' and girls' finals of the Israel Lawn Tennis Association's (ILTA) fourth Independence Day Youth Shield at the New Israel Tennis Centre here. The annual team event honours the memory of 29 local tennis players who died in action since 1948.

Hapoel's Haim Arlosoroff and Shai Puni came back from a 5-7, 1-4 deficit to defeat Shlomo Gilkstein and Danny Goldberg, taking the second set 6-4 and the third 6-3 in a remarkable change of fortune. Earlier in the boys' last round, Gilkstein had edged out Puni 6-2, 3-6, 6-4, while Arlosoroff came through 6-2, 6-3 against Goldberg.

In the girls' doubles, Ronit Heller and Tami Levin, of Hapoel, upset Eyal Dar and Hagit Zuhari 7-6, 8-4 to clinch the issue. In the singles, Tamari beat Heller 5-7, 6-2, 6-2 in a 135-minute marathon of variable quality, but very promising Levin hurried to a 6-1, 6-2 success over Aliza Gushberg.

Israeli netmen beat Britain

EDINBURGH. — Israel qualified for the championship stages of the European pre-Olympic basketball tournament with a 91-80 victory over Britain here on Tuesday night.

They now go forward from pool 'A' with European champions Yugoslavia.

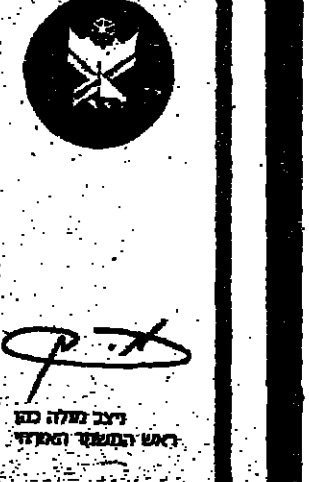
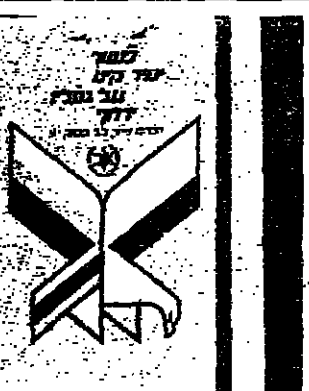
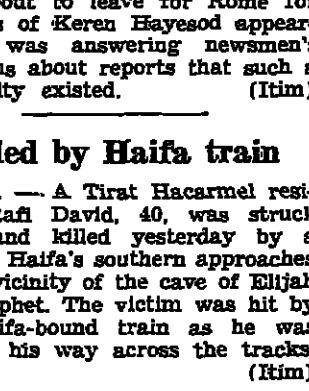
Dayan: 'Can't imagine joining the Likud'

BEN-GURION AIRPORT. — Labour Knesset Member Moshe Dayan said on Tuesday that he could "under no condition" imagine any possibility of joining the Likud.

The former Defence Minister, who was about to leave for Rome for a series of Keren Hayesod appearances, was answering newsmen's questions about reports that such a possibility existed. (Itim)

Killed by Haifa train

HAIFA. — A Tirat Hacarmel resident, Rafi David, 40, was struck down and killed yesterday by a train at Haifa's southern approaches in the vicinity of the cave of Elijah the Prophet. The victim was hit by the Haifa-bound train as he was making his way across the tracks. (Itim)



The new Civil Guard lapel-embroid, depicting an eagle on azure-blue-white background, atop the verse: "As an eagle stirreth up her nest, sovereth over her young." Above the eagle is the police force emblem. The lapel-button is being distributed to Civil Guard volunteers.

8 awarded Israel Prizes

The Israel Prize was awarded yesterday evening for the 24th successive year. The ceremony at the Jerusalem Theatre took place in the presence of President Katzir, Prime Minister Rabin, Knesset Speaker Yeshayahu and many other invited guests. Making the awards was Education Minister Aharon Yadin.

The planned award for cinematic achievement, which was to have gone to entertainer and film-maker Uri Zohar, was cancelled following his refusal to accept the prize in the wake of a public outcry on the matter.

Four of this year's nine prize recipients were honoured for their life's work in various spheres. Rivka Guber and Ya'acov Malmon were awarded recognition for their endeavours in immigrant absorption; the late Prof. Ezra Korine was posthumously honoured together with Simha Holzberg for their contributions to the state and its society, the former mainly for his pioneering work in the rehabilitation of deaf children, and the latter for organizing libraries of the Holocaust and encouraging wounded soldiers and their families.

Rabin: Struggle ahead

(Continued from page 1)
"We shall possibly have to face similar problems of cuts in wages, in other sectors," Rabin said, "in order to make the tax reform apply to all. We shall have to continue to reduce subsidies, when necessary, and take other steps to collect more taxes and block the illegal money market." But he emphasized, the Government has proven itself in this sphere.

In answer to a question on emigration, Rabin said those who leave the country are "a fallout of weakness." This was a familiar phenomenon, he said, during difficult times. Even during the Independence War there were dodgers, but the nation always had the strength to get over its crises.

Katzir calls for unity

President Katzir, in a speech on Israel television on Tuesday ushering in Independence Day, called on all the citizens to act as a single family, and said he was sure that they did so Israel would emerge better and stronger to present difficult period.

Noting that as a small state "we cannot always mast breakers washing in from east and west," he said it was useless in Israel's power to shape its own way of life and a. And these would in large measure determine the fate and of the State.

The attacks on Zionism in the past year had shown that Semitism is not dead, and few nations and governments had sympathy for Israel's cause, he said. But among the few had the American people, their administration and elected representatives, whose deep sympathy and help had not ceased.

The President called once more on the governments of the Union and the Arab states to let their Jewish citizens join people in Israel, and he offered the hand of peace to the Israelis could not ignore the voices of war from beyond borders; but there was still hope that the voice of peace also be heard.

Peres: Past year was a good one for the army

Defence Minister Shimon Peres, in an Independence Day interview for Army Radio, said that although Israel's people was given to ups and downs, the past year had been a good one for the country — and especially for the army.

The IDF was now better armed than ever, and with its reserve strength was approaching the size of the whole population of Israel in 1948 (which was 650,000). Rather than build everything on a single weapon, it was creating a whole improved system. The foundation for all this was finding out what is on the battlefield and hitting it. And to this end it had achieved such things as greater mobility and better "night vision."

Asked about Israel's dependence on U.S. aid, he noted that Israel unlike the many other states receiving such aid—did not depend on American troops to defend it. But the dependence was greater than one would wish, and should be reduced.

However, there were other reasons for striving to secure economic independence. A great world food shortage is on the way, and Israel must achieve independence in food, water and energy. For the first, he said, "I see the areas in the country that are needed." The second can come in time through desalination, and the third "as the

Middle East remains hostile from the sun and the atom. Touching on the recent election in Judea-Samaria, which return a majority of nationalists to councils there, Mr. Peres said as Israel is a democracy, a democratic option (the elections) been the true one for it to could not run a purely military occupation or a royalist regime its Jordanian predecessor there. As to whether he had or he been criticized in the Cabinet holding the elections (and he not reveal the content of C meetings), this was secondary, the basic policy of open bridge free elections, of continuing to tempt at coexistence under tions of hostility—these will tainly continue, and I didn't any objection. Asked about Jewish settlement the areas, he said the Govern had never ruled that there was particular place barred to J settlement. Jews can settle France, and in the U.S., and Canada, and it would be about the Israel Government were the only one in the world to criminate against Jews from se because they are Jews.

On the other hand, all settle must have Government app and there was no arguing this, he said.

Gur: Needn't be '76 war

TEL AVIV. — Army commander-in-chief Mordechai Gur said yesterday that what is happening now in the Arab world does not necessarily mean there will be a war in 1976. But Rav-Aluf Gur would not rule out that Moslem leaders in the Arab world may indeed decide the time is ripe this year.

In a broadcast interview, Rav-Aluf Gur said that while there was a certain relaxation on the Egyptian front, a Syro-Jordanian front had formed up which in case of war would be joined by Iraq, Saudi Arabia and to a certain extent by Lebanon as well.

He stressed the disturbing fact that this front with its five Syrian divisions, five Jordanian and four Iraqi, plus Saudi and Lebanese forces, was now stronger than the Egyptian. And all these forces were closer to Israel's populated than were Egypt's.

However, with the Syrian involved in Lebanon it could be summed they would not find a frontation with Israel worthw present, and would find a w renew the mandate for the UN on the Golan. He stressed th war preparations were being on the Syrian front, but added the situation needed and was ting careful watching.

Rav-Aluf Gur warned the Lebanon emerges from its ci turmoil as a Moslem-Palest state, stepped-up terrorist ac can be expected against I "that will force us to take i that would make things unple for Lebanon," he said. If the I tians set up solid bases in non, Israel would take the off against them.

Eight still hospitalized after J'lem terror bomb

Jerusalem Post Reporter
Eight of the 33 persons wounded in Monday night's explosion in downtown Jerusalem still remained in hospital last night.

Except for Mrs. Clara Gennis, who suffered serious burns, the condition of the wounded is satisfactory, and all are expected to be released from hospital in a short time. Mrs. Gennis had given birth to her first child just a week before the blast. Her husband was also wounded, although lightly, and was released from hospital after treatment. Hadassah Hospital has sent a social worker to help with the care of the infant. Mrs. Gennis is a former resident of Colombia now living in Jerusalem, and not a Dutch tourist as was originally reported. Her condition was described as "serious, but stable" last night.

The only tourist injured in the blast, Beria Dugish, did not suffer serious wounds as was originally reported and was released from hospital after treatment.

A 22-year-old Arab from Abu Dis, Baka Majid, who was hit on the head by a Jewish youth on Monday night following the blast was taken to Hadassah Hospital, where his condition was first described as serious. He was successfully operated on, however, and his condition yesterday was good.

Mrs. Helen Brevedourakis, wife of the Greek Consul-General in Jerusalem, is expected to be released from Hadassah Hospital in a few days. She was visited by officials of the Israeli Foreign Ministry, which expressed regrets to the Greek Government over the wounding of Mrs. Brevedourakis. The Foreign Ministry added that the incident was an example of how innocent civilians are victims of unrestrained terrorism.

Chief of Staff Mordechai Gur

visited the blast victims in Sh Zedek Hospital shortly after blast with O/C Central Comr Yona Efrat.

Thirteen of the more than Arabs picked up for questio after the explosion were still held last night. Police reported, and they said the bomb had not put inside a motor vehicle, as been originally assumed, but been placed atop a scooter w had been parked at the site Rehov Mordechai Ben-Hillel by Jewish owner earlier.

Soccer State Cup quarter-finals

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — State Cupholders I Saba, Hapoel were the only team win a clear cut victory in the quarter-finals round yesterday, beating Ramat Gan Hapoel of Lea "A" by 4:1.

The results in the State matches — quarter-finals — w Efar Saba Hapoel 4, Ramat Hapoel 1; Tel Aviv Maccabi 1, E Hapoel 9 (after extra time); I salem Belar 4, Netanya Maccabi (after extra time); Petah T Hapoel 1, Hakoah 1 (after e time).

University table tennis resumes today

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter
The 14-nation second World University Table Tennis Championships resume at 9 a.m. today at Tel Aviv University's main sports hall, a two-day break. The tournament ends on Saturday night.

The men's teams competition ends in the morning. The singles a doubles events for men and women will start later.

BAT-DOR DANCE COMPANY

on their return from a scintillating South African tour.

Press reports:
Rich, refreshing drama of dance... Bravos and brilliance.

Every member of Bat-Dor can be a soloist but together they form a powerful ensemble... a rare experience in the theatre.

Die Transvaal
JERUSALEM, at the Jerusalem Theatre, on Thursday, May 6, 8:30 p.m.

TEL AVIV, at the Cameri Theatre, 8:30 p.m.
Monday, May 10 — Tuesday, May 11 — Thursday, May 13
Tickets: Jerusalem, 04-2231. Tel Aviv, Hadassah, Tel. 248757.
Cameri Theatre box office: offices of Bat Dor, 38 Rehov Ida Givoli, Tel. 251715.

Kenya absent from Unctad, but sends speech:

'Rich states no longer ignore poor'

NAIROBI — The fourth UN Conference on Trade and Development opened here yesterday with a warning by Kenya President Jomo Kenyatta that rich nations must not neglect the "surrounding oceans of poverty" in the world.

"What is required is nothing less than a 'Nairobi charter' for some new and truly international economic order," Kenyatta said in a speech read for him by Mboya Koinange, Minister of State, in the Kenyatta Conference Centre.

Koinange told 3,000 delegates from most of the UN's member nations that the 83-year-old president was unable to be present "due to unavoidable matters." Kenyatta was reported to have remained at a country residence 160 kms. from Nairobi.

Kenyatta's absence became known at the last minute, and UN personnel stood on a red welcoming carpet outside the centre, hastily rewriting a reply by UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, minutes before the session began.

The conference, which will run until May 28, is chiefly concerned with finding ways of ensuring for developing countries stable prices and earnings for the commodities they sell.

"The objectives of peace and security which motivate the entire UN system can never be attained where islands of prosperity make only token recognition of those surrounding oceans of poverty in which they are perpetuated," Kenyatta's speech said.

Western diplomats said Kenyatta stayed away in a huff over the attendance at Unctad of Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos, who addresses the conference today.

The diplomats said Kenya's former Commerce Minister, Julius Kiano, went ahead with arrangements for Marcos' visit without Kenyatta's approval, after Marcos was invited to Unctad by 110 poor nations who met in Manila in February.

A Malaysian delegate commented that Marcos' appearance at Unctad

Arabs move to oust Israel from Unctad

NAIROBI — U.S. Senator Jacob K. Javits said there was "a real danger" of a move to expel Israel and South Africa from the Unctad conference. The campaign against them is based on charges of racism.

Javits told reporters here Tuesday that the Israel delegates he had conferred with "take it seriously." He said he did not think the move would succeed, but as a member of the U.S. delegation, he added: "If it did happen I wouldn't recommend walking out."

The "Washington Post" yesterday quoted Western delegation sources as saying that radical Arab states have indeed started an effort to expel Israel and South Africa, and to seat the Palestine Liberation Organization.

The sources said the Arab states circulated a resolution for those goals among the "group of 77."

If the resolution does reach the conference floor, said one source, it could seriously delay the work of Unctad.

In addition to Arab proposals, Soviet bloc nations were reported to press in private discussions for the exclusion of Chile. Moscow opposes Chile's military government.

(AP, JTA)

as unofficial spokesman for poor countries seeking radical reform, a role he assumed at the Manila meeting, would rival Kenyatta's more moderate speech. Customarily, a president of the host country makes the keynote address at Unctad sessions.

Marcos, who arrived yesterday

messenger. I am carrying with me the Manila declaration to present to Unctad."

The declaration, drawn up by "the group of 77" — actually a group of 110 developing nations — sets forth the programme they hope to achieve at Unctad.

But Marcos declined to give details of the speech he will deliver today.

U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, also due to speak today, urged both rich and poor nations to take a common approach to economic development problems and avoid "the twin dangers of rigidity and slogans." He addressed a luncheon meeting of delegates from non-Communist industrialized nations attending the conference.

Kissinger's speech today is being awaited by many delegates as the most important statement of the first political stage of the conference.

In another speech on Tuesday, Kissinger cautioned the Third World against using "bloc economic power" to achieve the goal of progress and prosperity.

"We will do our best to listen to your concerns," he told 12 countries' ministers at a luncheon. But, he said, "the Third World has to choose between slogans and solutions, between rhetoric and reality."

At the conference, the U.S. will propose creation of a multi-billion-dollar international resources bank, designed to attract new private investments to developing countries.

However, the Ford Administration appears dead-set against "indexing" — a system of correlating prices of oil, coffee, sugar and other commodities to what the Third World countries must pay for industrial imports.

Kissinger, without being specific on the subject, said the proposals he will make "go as far as it is possible for us to go." But, in a conciliatory gesture, he said the Administration is prepared to modify them in the weeks ahead.

(AP, UPI)



Twenty-three people died and five were seriously injured when the Rhine express bound for Germany and Austria crashed head-on with a Dutch commuter train during the morning rush hour on Tuesday just west of Rotterdam. The front coach of the Dutch local train was crushed, damaging a third train standing alongside and blocking one of Europe's main railway lines throughout the day. (AP radiophoto)

Schlesinger charges U.S. 'Vietnamization' of Israel

WASHINGTON — Former Secretary of Defense James Schlesinger said on Tuesday that the Ford Administration is improperly blaming Israel for creating a stalemate in Middle East peace negotiations.

He indicated that U.S. policy in the Middle East has led to the "Vietnamization of Israel."

Speaking to the 17th annual conference of the America-Israel Public Affairs Committee, Schlesinger said "there is a tendency to place the blame for the slow pace of negotiations on Israel." He then said, "it is improper, even pernicious, to blame failure to achieve a settlement on the one nation prepared to accept a settlement."

Schlesinger's remarks were geared for the committee, a main force of pro-Israel lobby efforts in the U.S. The former defence chief explained his characterization of Israel as the "new Vietnam" in terms of U.S. efforts to force concessions by an ally who has no alternative but to submit. Schlesinger said U.S. demands on Israel must be equitable and even-handed. However, he said, even-handedness is something different than a policy of forcing one-sided concessions.

He said that the military balance in the Middle East interlocked with a global military balance, and the support of Israel by the United States is "a barometer of American intentions. The strategic significance of Israel is of growing importance in the worldwide military balance," because it is "an indicator of American steadfastness" after the difficulties of the United States in Southeast Asia and Africa.

Now a visiting scholar at John Hopkins University, Schlesinger discussed American military power and its relationship to Israel in an address before the Committee

at the Hotel Shoreham. "We recognize" that in the past three or four years the American military position had declined, notably in naval strength, the former Harvard professor said. "It is essential that both the Middle East and the world military balances be in 'appropriate equilibrium' because without that 'ultimately' there will be no survival for Israel, and the Middle East will be subject to 'Soviet fiat.' He cautioned that if the U.S. will be in a weakened position militarily "it will be unable to hold the ring in the Middle East."

Pointing to the difficulties in Cyprus and Lebanon in the 1950s, Schlesinger said the U.S. ability to settle them was "beyond question." But now, he said, "it is no longer beyond question."

"EVEN-HANDED"

Speaking of even-handedness in U.S. policy in the Middle East he said "if the United States is to be the leader of the diverse nations it must be responsible for all nations. It cannot be in a position of forcing one side."

He added that Israel is "highly dependent" on the U.S. "far more than the Israelis expected after the 1967 war." This, he said, has put the U.S. in a position to extract concessions from Israel. Schlesinger said he is "concerned" by the undermining of U.S. moral support for Israel and the "parallel tactics" employed by the U.S. in Southeast Asia. He said the tendency is to blame the slow progress in negotiations on Israel, and to assert that "the failure to achieve momentum is a direct responsibility of Israel."

"Momentum is fine, the question is momentum towards what?" he said. "To a just and comprehensive settlement? To a reduction or the

end of terrorism?" "It is improper — pernicious — to blame the failure to achieve a settlement on the one nation prepared to accept a settlement," he said. "That is an improper judgement." Continuing his defence of Israel, Schlesinger said "if the U.S. is to be the guarantor of freedom, it must be prepared to support democracies. If we are not prepared to support democracies we must ask who will we support?"

In response to a question from the floor as to who was responsible for the delay of U.S. military equipment to Israel in the 1973 Yom Kippur War, Schlesinger said that at 1 a.m. on October 13 the decision was taken for the U.S. airlift to go to Israel. "This should be out of contention," he said. But now, he said, "we have the latest authorized leaks" in the article by Edward Sheehan on Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's diplomacy, which Schlesinger observed was "a clever stratagem to neutralize Israel's supporters in the U.S." Noting that Sheehan's version is in conflict with his knowledge, Schlesinger added "I must allow others to sort out the conflict."

Asked whether the U.S. should be a "major" arms supplier to Egypt and Saudi Arabia, he said that "some modicum of related arms is appropriate" for Egypt. He pointed out that "modicum" was distinct from being a major supplier. He also said that others can supply Saudi Arabia along with the United States. "All arms to the Middle East should be carefully balanced on the basis of the regional basis," he said. "The U.S. should take a long term view, rather than a short term based on diplomatic views." (AP, JTA)

Egypt asks UN to rap Israel on areas

UNITED NATIONS — Egypt called on the U.N. Security Council Tuesday to condemn Israel's "brutal and illegal" actions in the Golan Heights and the West Bank, and to take immediate steps "with a view putting an end to these violations." Ambassador Gamal Abdel Meguid, launching his second annual report to the Security Council, said that in two months on Israeli practices in occupied Arab lands, he urged the U.S. to recognize the Palestine Liberation Organization "the sole and legitimate" representative of the Palestinian people. Referring to the continuing anti-Jewish unrest in the West Bank of the Jordan river, Meguid said the latest developments were "a deplorable" suit of Israel's aggressive expansionist policy, as well as its blasphemous outrages against the holy places and shrines.

Israeli Ambassador Chaim Herzog was expected to rebut the Egyptian charges when he took the floor yesterday.

The Council, at the outset, on Monday, asked the U.S. to allow P.L.O. to participate in the debate with the rights of a U.N. state. A vote in the 15-member Council was 11-1, with Britain, France and the U.S. abstaining.

Casting the lone negative vote, U.S. Ambassador William Scranton stressed that he was objecting to the fact that the P.L.O. was being treated as a member state and added: "I want to make it very clear and I reiterate that a government would have no object to the Council hearing the views of the Palestinians in this deliberation so long as that is done under appropriate provisions of the Council's rules."

The U.S. vote was not a veto because it came on a procedural matter rather than a substantive matter. The Council also admitted as voting participants Egypt, Jordan, Syria and Israel. Meguid, who requested the Council meeting after Israeli atrocities in the territories, was the only speaker Tuesday to touch on substantive matters. The Council agreed to resume yesterday afternoon to hear the P.L.O., Jordan, Syria and Israel.

Urging U.S. recognition of the P.L.O., Meguid said the results of the recent election in the West Bank "proved" that P.L.O. was a "responsible and capable of building an independent national authority on the territory to be liberated in Palestine." Israel should also accept, he continued, the results of the election as "true manifestation" of the wish of the Palestinian people to be represented by the P.L.O. The Israeli authorities "continue to resort to a violent terrorist campaign" which, he said, has taken the lives of many innocent civilians as a result of the arrests, beating and persecution of "thousands of unarmed civilians."

A Jordanian diplomat said yesterday that a group of Arab diplomats was working on a resolution along the lines of the one vetoed by the U.S. in March. (AP)

Rhodesia extends its army service as S.A. widens security laws

SALISBURY — The Rhodesian government announced here yesterday that the army has lengthened the period of military conscription from 12 to 18 months and is re-examining the regulations exempting men from military duty.

The move followed last week's announcement that civilian reservists would be called up for indefinite periods to strengthen the security forces in "research and destroy" operations in the border area with Mozambique, where nationalist guerrillas recently escalated their attacks.

This news coincided with Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere's statement in Bonn yesterday that there was no longer any chance for a peaceful switch to black majority rule in Rhodesia. He warned at a news conference that the question of possible Angola-style Communist intervention in Rhodesia "is in the hands of South Africa and possibly the western world."

Speaking shortly before leaving for Düsseldorf after three days of talks with Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's government, Nyerere accused white Prime Minister Ian Smith of wrecking hopes for a peaceful solution in Rhodesia.

The South African government in the meantime, published legislation widening the country's existing security measures, giving police and the courts more encompassing powers of arrest and detention.

The measure known as "the promotion of state security bill," was tabled in parliament on Tuesday by Justice Minister James Kruger. Helen Suzman, member of the opposition Progressive Reform Party said it was "an appalling measure, which takes us further on the way to a police state."

The bill amends the existing "Suppression of Communism act," which allows detention for at least 180 days of persons suspected of furthering the aims of communism, to include the detention or banning of organizations, publications and individuals who "endanger the security of the state or the maintenance of public order."

The Johannesburg Rand Daily Mail said in an editorial the Nationalists (the ruling Nationalist Party) "can already do virtually as they please to frighten opponents of Apartheid into submission and to silence those who protest too loudly or too effectively." (AP, UPI)

'Assad to head union of Syria, Jordan'

KUWAIT — Syria's President Hafez al-Assad will soon be declared president of a federation of Syria and Jordan and is planning to set up, "Al-Anbass" newspaper said here yesterday.

Quoting informed sources, the newspaper said that Jordanian Prime Minister Zeid al-Rifai would be declared prime minister of the proposed Arab federation.

Each country would keep its separate administration under the federation, it added.

Last month, another Kuwait newspaper, "Al-Siyassah," reported that King Hussein of Jordan and President Assad were expected to declare a confederation of their countries at a meeting in Damascus in May.

"Al-Anbass" said that the two countries have already unified all educational and teaching methods, and their legal and military procedures.

Official sources in Damascus said yesterday King Hussein will visit Syria on Saturday.

The sources said the visit comes within the framework of contacts between Hussein and Assad to promote relations and coordinate plans towards unity between the two countries. (Reuters)

UK Gov't, unions in pay accord

LONDON — Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey yesterday announced details of a new 4.5 per cent voluntary pay agreement between the government and the trade unions.

Healey told a news conference that government ministers and trade union leaders agreed on an average 4.5 per cent ceiling on wage increases from August.

The details of the agreement allow for a maximum weekly increase of £4 (11.60) and a minimum raise of £2.50. There will be a five per cent limit on increase for those in the middle band of earnings, Healey said.

"There will be no concessions for productivity bargaining or anomalies," Healey said. The anomalies were designed to have inflation, currently estimated at 14 per cent, compared with 26 per cent a year ago, he said.

The £ advanced strongly on the London foreign exchange market yesterday following the wage restraint, agreement. (UPI, Reuters)

Reagan sweeps primaries

(Continued from page 1) 254 delegates elected in the New York and Pennsylvania primaries. But with Ford in difficulty, they may want to see some more primaries before deciding a strategy.

Reagan's road upward began when he started hitting hard at Ford on foreign and defence policy, claiming the U.S. has slipped to second place militarily. Ford struck back with harshly-worded denials, said Reagan was glib, superficial and inexperienced. That didn't counter the Reagan thrust, and it isn't clear what Ford can do now to cope with that campaign offensive.

Reagan said on Tuesday night that he and Ford will go to the convention with sizeable blocs of delegates. He has held all along that uncommitted Republicans will hold the balance of power.

The Carter's emergence as the likely Democratic nominee, Reagan said the question for Republicans "is whether Ford or myself now is the better candidate to argue the case for the change that our people obviously want."

Jimmy Carter, the dominant Democrat, won overwhelmingly in the Indiana primary and in his home state of Georgia. He led in partial returns in the District of Columbia. George Wallace who won the Democratic primary in his home-state Alabama, then offered testament to Carter's claim that as the likely nominee he can rally Democrats around him. "I could support him," Wallace said.

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey, who last week dropped out of the primary race, said on Tuesday that the Ford Administration has the money to help Africa roll back the

Sahara desert, there should be enough to halt the decay and rot in America's cities. Later, having admitted he is not likely to realize his own presidential ambitions, Humphrey set forth ideas for the next president.

The Minnesota Democrat said that while he is not insensitive to Africa's problems, there are "indies and miles within our cities that make the Sahara a better place to live."

Yet, when it comes to unemployment and aiding the cities, he charged, President Ford responds with vetoes.

Humphrey, who last week rejected pleas to enter the race for the Democratic presidential nomination, told a meeting of the News-Paper Guild and the Graphic Arts International union that he has no intention of fading away. He has said he would be available for the presidential nomination if it were offered.

As for Ford, and challenger Ronald Reagan, Humphrey said, "We've got two Republican candidates, one acting as if he's campaigning on the basis of the Spanish-American war, and the other talking about prosperity just around the corner like Herbert Hoover."

The Panama Canal, he said, is not the vital issue facing the American people. "It isn't as if the ditch is going to be taken away from us tomorrow morning, and yet here is a great national debate going on in this country in the Republican Party," Humphrey said. Ford is planning to give Panama authority over the Canal. (UPI, AP)

'K ignored Saudi offers on Somalia base, cheap oil'

WASHINGTON — The U.S. State Department ignored a serious financial offer by Saudi Arabia that could have ended the Soviet military presence in Somalia, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee was told on Tuesday.

James Aikins, recently removed as U.S. Ambassador to Saudi Arabia, said it seemed clear to him that the Department's lack of interest was linked to the campaign to convince Congress to approve a U.S. navy facility on the Indian Ocean island of Diego Garcia, to counter the Soviet presence in Somalia. He added under oath that the State Department had also ignored a Saudi proposal that could have lowered world oil prices.

Aikins, a State Department career officer, has never been told officially why he failed to win a new appointment.

But he testified that his activities apparently irritated Secretary of State Henry Kissinger.

He also said that even though he repeatedly expressed his concern

agents of large U.S. companies, he was "not encouraged" by his State Department superiors to pursue corrective steps.

Aikins said another reason he was relieved of his job was that he had repeatedly pressed the Saudi Arabian view that support of another major oil-producing country such as Iran was needed to counter the rest of the oil states to lower oil prices.

He had made that point of view known, but said he has later told by the Saudis that Kissinger had not raised the question with the Shah of Iran when they met in Switzerland in early 1975.

He said Saudi officials were "baffled" by what he said they came to see as an apparent lack of interest by the U.S. in lower oil prices.

"I was told I should stop pressing the question of Iran because it was becoming an irritant to the Secretary," Aikins said. "It was more than an impression, I was

France wants Israel cut from EEC aid plan

BRUSSELS — The nine European Common Market nations backed off on Tuesday from plans to include Israel in a package of aid for Mediterranean countries.

Foreign ministers of the nine nations ended a two-day meeting without agreement on the package, which was sent back to a working group. France, which has particularly close ties to Arab nations, led the opposition to aid to Israel.

In earlier meetings, the Common Market nations had agreed on two separate five-year aid programmes — \$960m. in loans from the European investment bank and another unspecified amount in grants and low-interest loans from their own treasuries.

The second figure was tentatively fixed on Tuesday at \$540m. But

there was no attempt to decide how this should be shared out among the 10 countries seeking aid.

At the same time, the bank loan programme was thrown into doubt when French foreign minister Jean Sauvagnargues suggested that it be cut back to \$912m. with the rest in "reserve."

He then said that Israel's share "might come from this reserve." This was the first hint that Israel might not share in the programme.

When other ministers asked about this Sauvagnargues, to their surprise, said France had never agreed to send aid to Israel.

Officials said many of the ministers felt the sums budgeted were too low to cover demands. Portugal, Greece and Turkey said they want at least \$360m. of the total. (AP)

French press complains of snub to Katzir

By JACK MAURICE

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS — French newspapers and observers unanimously agreed on Tuesday that President Giscard d'Estaing's refusal to invite President Ephraim Katzir to luncheon during his since-cancelled visit to France was a deliberate diplomatic snub.

The general view here is that the Elysee Palace's excuse that protocol does not require Giscard to give a formal lunch to a foreign presidential visitor on a private trip just does not hold water.

"Le Monde," the influential news-

paper which is by no means a friend of Israel, dismissed the official comparison with the visit two years ago of Queen Elizabeth of England who came here to attend the Prix de Diane horse race at Chantilly and did not meet Giscard. "Queen Elizabeth herself wanted there to be no special event to mark her visit. But Egyptian President Anwar Sadat, who paid a 'private' visit to Paris in April, was invited to dinner with his family to the Elysee on a Saturday evening and even stayed at the Hotel Marigny, the usual residence of heads of state on official visits."

TEL-AVIV UNIVERSITY

THE DEDICATION CEREMONY OF THE PRINCESS BEATRIX OF THE NETHERLANDS FLOOR in the presence of Their Royal Highnesses Princess Beatrix and Prince Claus of the Netherlands taken place today in the Sackler School of Medicine

5-Day Tours to Sinai with

NEOT HAKIKAR — Desert Safari Tours

Departure every SUNDAY from Jerusalem

Neot Hakikar

Please call Tel. 02-221624.

28 Rehov Hamelach, David, Jerusalem

GERALD BERKOW
Optometrist
has moved to new premises
6 Rehov Zivani
(end of Rehov Mahanayim)
Central Carmel, Haifa
Tel. 04-36244

haifa symphony orchestra trust ltd.

50, Pevsner St., Haifa
Tel. 04-1973

Musical Advisor:
Yuval Tzoref

Subscription
Concert No. 1

Conductor: Avi Ostrovsky
Soloist: Uzi Wiesel, cello

Programme:
Schubert — Symphony No. 4
in C minor, "The Tragic"
Tchaikovsky — Variations on a rococo theme for cello and orchestra
Beethoven — Symphony No. 7
in A major, op. 92

First Series: Sunday, May 9, 1976
Second Series:
Monday, May 10, 1976, 8.30 p.m.
Haifa Auditorium, Central Carmel

Sale of tickets to groups and workers' committees at the Orchestra
58 Rehov Pevsner, Tel. 641974

BEIT LESSIN MUSICAL MATINEE
8th in the series
MUSIC FOR CLARINET, CELLO AND PIANO
Friday, May 7, 8.00 p.m.

Participants: Yisrael Zohar, clarinet
Bela Kikori, cello
Works by: Beethoven, Brahms, Schumann, Hartmann
Tickets available at Yotki and in other agencies
and the Beit Lessin, box office, 34 Rehov Weizmann, Tel Aviv, Tel. 22345

9th programme in the series: Friday, May 14, 8.00 p.m.

ATTENTION ELIAT
In view of the extension of our services in Eliat, we require intelligent managers for our shop at the Laromme Hotel, and for our new shop soon to be opened in town.
Please contact our representative today and tomorrow at the Laromme Hotel before 1 p.m., or our shop at Eliat Airport in the afternoon from 4-6 p.m.
Applications may also be sent to P.O.B. 628, Tel Aviv.
Excellent conditions
STEINATZKY AGENCY LTD.

Driver, Give Soldiers Lifts!

Special Weekend Offer
Enjoy a wonderful Family Weekend
at our Roof-Garden Swimming-Pool
double-room, breakfast
(children in parents' room — free of charge)
From Friday noon — till Sunday morning
IL200.- (including taxes)
For reservations, please call Tel. 54154, Tel Aviv

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

DEADLINES:
Jerusalem: For Sunday, 3 p.m. Thursday; Weekdays, 10 a.m. of day prior to publication; For Friday, 5 p.m. Wednesday.
Tel Aviv and Haifa: For Sunday, 12 noon Thursday; Weekdays and Friday, 12 noon two days prior to publication.

Accepted at all offices of THE JERUSALEM POST and all recognized agencies.

RATE (per word) Weekdays: IL4.00, Fridays and Holidays: IL5.00
Minimum charge — 8 words — IL32.00 weekdays; IL40.00 Fridays

WHERE TO DINE

THE RESTAURANT in Haifa: Balfour Cellar. Kishor. Tel. 04-62219, 68550.

SELF SERVICE vegetarian restaurant. Best food in town. Strictly kosher. Moderate prices. Open 7 a.m.-11 p.m. Deborah Hotel, 87 Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv.

BUSINESS PREMISES

FOR SALE: New shop — 40 sq.m. — Commercial Center — Immediate possession. Only IL280,000. Marcel Hayoun, 2 Ussishkin, Netanya. Tel. 653-91330.

THRIVING gift and antique store, in prestigious area, for quick sale due to ill health. Write P.O.B. 95, Caesarea.

DWELLINGS

JERUSALEM
EXCHANGE, fully furnished London MEWS house, near Harodez gas, central heating, constant hot water, telephone, 2-beds, 2-bathrooms, 2-bedrooms, for small flat Jerusalem with telephone, from end of September, minimum 1 year. Tel. 02-30460, Jerusalem.

TEL AVIV
NORTH TEL AVIV 3 room luxury flat, short and long periods, furnished. Geri-Garrun, Tel. 03-241221.

OPPOSITE HILTON to let 1 room furnished flat. Tel. 03-236320, Tel Aviv.

IN THE EXCLUSIVE NORTH, 37 Moshe Sharet St., near Kikar Hamedina, luxury 3 rooms with all amenities. IL419,000. Tel. 03-45946.

GERI-GARRUN OFFERS in Neve Lamed, 4 rooms, high floor, IL400,000, immediate. Tochnit Lamed: 3 rooms, IL330,000, 9 rooms IL475,000. Tel. 03-241221.

196/21 HAYARKON-HILTON, sale apartment, 2 rooms, 2 bedrooms, 4-5-6 p.m.

HAIFA
DANYA: Fully furnished large 2 bedroom villa, to rent for short periods. Richman & Richman, 5 Sea Rd., Haifa. Tel. 04-84444.

HERZLIYA
HERZLIYA PITUAH opportunity for sale beautiful cottage, 3 1/2 bedrooms, modern kitchen, on 1/2 dunam ground. Anglo Saxon, Tel. 03-50261-2.

NETANYA
FOR SALE: Modern large new 3 room apartment approx. 120 sq.m. in Netanya Towers facing sea, close to 4 Seasons Hotel. Central air conditioning. Elevator. Immediate occupation. Reasonably priced. Richman & Richman, 3 Shaar Hagai, Tel. 03-23651 (Maidan).

3 1/2 ROOMS, central heating, 3 air sides, 2 entrances, 2 bathrooms, near sea, IL273,000. Anglo Saxon, 7 Kikar Hatzema, Tel. 03-52456.

VILLAS new, in best area, from IL373,000. Nohli Greenberg, 2 Ussishkin, Tel. 03-28735, 03-32355.

SAVYON
SAVYON beautiful homes, sales and rentals, charming locations. Anglo Saxon, Ben Hagai, Rimon, Tel. 03-753355.

OTHERS
FOR SALE opportunity, in Arad, 3 rooms, IL100,000. Tel. 057-9778.

FOR SALE Petah Tikva, 3, 3 1/2, 4, 5 rooms apartments. Newly constructed and second hand. Anglo Saxon, Ben-Hagai, Tel. 03-75721.

MISCELLANEOUS
FREELANCE EXPERIENCED news stringer, modest space rates, to provide professional coverage of Israel news of religious and related interest. Write Director, National Catholic News Service, 1312 Massachusetts Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005, U.S.A.

PERSONAL
ESTABLISHED MAN, 39, fluent in languages, seeks girl for marriage, till age 32. P.O.B. 911, Tel Aviv, for number 453.

PURCHASE/SALE
SEGAL BUYS furniture, antiques, refrigerators, televisions, liquidation. Tel. 03-525267, evenings 03-585745.

AMOS BUYS furniture, antiques, refrigerators, televisions, liquidation. Tel. 03-525267, evenings 03-585745.

SERVICES
YOUNG MASSEUSE will receive you for first class massage on 6 Rehov Nachshon, near Sheraton. Tel. 03-447507, also Shabbat.

EXPERIENCED MASSEUSES!!! Pleasant atmosphere, every day of the week, at 31 Basel, Tel Aviv. Also Shabbat.

MESSAGE. Only by appointment. 14 Rehov Frug, Tel. 03-232273.

MASSEUSES for first class massage. 43 Ben Yehuda, apartment 11, Tel. 03-22251.

"SELA" — Extermination of pests. Guarantee for 1 year (Permit 197). Tel. 03-47271.

SITUATIONS VACANT
REQUIRED camp directors and counselors for youth from abroad. Details. Tel. 03-41182.

TYPISTS: We offer the best temporary jobs at the highest rates in town. Call now, Translators' Pool, Tel Aviv. Tel. 03-241780; Jerusalem, 03-228572; Haifa, 04-64268.

T.V. & RADIO
TELEVISION RENTAL (monthly). Industrious, 72 Jabotinsky, Tel Aviv. Tel. 03-243008.

GRUNDIG-MARANTZ-National-Philips. Also duty free. Radio Rieber, 25 Rehov Herzl, Haifa. Tel. 641382.

AKAI-BO-DUAL-FISHER. Also duty free. Radio Rieber, 25 Herzl, Haifa. Tel. 641382.

REQUIRED
first class
French, English Shorthand Typist
permanent full time job
Apply: Tel. 03-56985

REQUIRED IN HAIFA

CO-ORDINATOR FOR VILLAGE INDUSTRIES
Job description: Assistance to and guidance of groups of new immigrants during their stay at a temporary camp; liaison with absorption institutions, guidance centres, job placement etc. The work necessitates living with a group of immigrants at a temporary camp most days of the week.

Qualifications: B.A. in the social sciences (preferably sociology or community affairs); experience in youth counseling (preferably overseas); full command of English, with an additional language an advantage; settlement background; vehicle owner.

Suggested grade: 2-4 (5), Academic scale.
Applications should be sent to: Personnel Dept., P.O.B. 92, Jerusalem, until May 19, 1976.

ADVERTISE BY MAIL
No waiting in line! No travelling to an office!

Just fill in the coupon below. Please give your full home address — P.O.B. is NOT sufficient. Post this form, accompanied by a cheque, at least seven days prior to the requested date of publication. That's all there is to it!
Rate: Weekdays — IL4.00 per word; Fridays — IL5.00 per word.
Minimum charge — 8 words — IL32.00 weekdays; IL40.00 Fridays.

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

PLEASE PRINT IN BLOCK LETTERS.
To: The Jerusalem Post, Classified Ads Dept., P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem

Please insert the following classified advertisement for me

(If additional space is required, please print the text of your advertisement on a separate sheet of paper.)

ONLY TEXT YOU WRITE ABOVE GOES IN AD

The advertisement should appear on: (day) (date) (day) (date) (day) (date)

Number of times weekday insertion: (IL4.00 per word)

Number of times Friday insertion: (IL5.00 per word)

Minimum charge — 8 words — IL32.00 weekdays; IL40.00 Fridays.

Number of words: My cheque for IL is enclosed

Name: Address:

Tel. No. (signature)

ALL ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE POSTED AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF PUBLICATION

The Jerusalem Post reserves the right to refuse, revise, or postpone publication of any advertisement, and to make necessary alterations, without prior notification to the advertiser.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE opportunity, in Arad, 3 rooms, IL100,000. Tel. 057-9778.

FOR SALE Petah Tikva, 3, 3 1/2, 4, 5 rooms apartments. Newly constructed and second hand. Anglo Saxon, Ben-Hagai, Tel. 03-75721.

PERSONAL
ESTABLISHED MAN, 39, fluent in languages, seeks girl for marriage, till age 32. P.O.B. 911, Tel Aviv, for number 453.

PURCHASE/SALE
SEGAL BUYS furniture, antiques, refrigerators, televisions, liquidation. Tel. 03-525267, evenings 03-585745.

AMOS BUYS furniture, antiques, refrigerators, televisions, liquidation. Tel. 03-525267, evenings 03-585745.

SERVICES
YOUNG MASSEUSE will receive you for first class massage on 6 Rehov Nachshon, near Sheraton. Tel. 03-447507, also Shabbat.

EXPERIENCED MASSEUSES!!! Pleasant atmosphere, every day of the week, at 31 Basel, Tel Aviv. Also Shabbat.

MESSAGE. Only by appointment. 14 Rehov Frug, Tel. 03-232273.

MASSEUSES for first class massage. 43 Ben Yehuda, apartment 11, Tel. 03-22251.

"SELA" — Extermination of pests. Guarantee for 1 year (Permit 197). Tel. 03-47271.

SITUATIONS VACANT
REQUIRED camp directors and counselors for youth from abroad. Details. Tel. 03-41182.

TYPISTS: We offer the best temporary jobs at the highest rates in town. Call now, Translators' Pool, Tel Aviv. Tel. 03-241780; Jerusalem, 03-228572; Haifa, 04-64268.

T.V. & RADIO
TELEVISION RENTAL (monthly). Industrious, 72 Jabotinsky, Tel Aviv. Tel. 03-243008.

GRUNDIG-MARANTZ-National-Philips. Also duty free. Radio Rieber, 25 Rehov Herzl, Haifa. Tel. 641382.

AKAI-BO-DUAL-FISHER. Also duty free. Radio Rieber, 25 Herzl, Haifa. Tel. 641382.

REQUIRED
first class
French, English Shorthand Typist
permanent full time job
Apply: Tel. 03-56985

REQUIRED IN HAIFA

CO-ORDINATOR FOR VILLAGE INDUSTRIES
Job description: Assistance to and guidance of groups of new immigrants during their stay at a temporary camp; liaison with absorption institutions, guidance centres, job placement etc. The work necessitates living with a group of immigrants at a temporary camp most days of the week.

Qualifications: B.A. in the social sciences (preferably sociology or community affairs); experience in youth counseling (preferably overseas); full command of English, with an additional language an advantage; settlement background; vehicle owner.

Suggested grade: 2-4 (5), Academic scale.
Applications should be sent to: Personnel Dept., P.O.B. 92, Jerusalem, until May 19, 1976.

ADVERTISE BY MAIL
No waiting in line! No travelling to an office!

Just fill in the coupon below. Please give your full home address — P.O.B. is NOT sufficient. Post this form, accompanied by a cheque, at least seven days prior to the requested date of publication. That's all there is to it!
Rate: Weekdays — IL4.00 per word; Fridays — IL5.00 per word.
Minimum charge — 8 words — IL32.00 weekdays; IL40.00 Fridays.

CUT ALONG DOTTED LINE

PLEASE PRINT IN BLOCK LETTERS.
To: The Jerusalem Post, Classified Ads Dept., P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem

Please insert the following classified advertisement for me

(If additional space is required, please print the text of your advertisement on a separate sheet of paper.)

ONLY TEXT YOU WRITE ABOVE GOES IN AD

The advertisement should appear on: (day) (date) (day) (date) (day) (date)

Number of times weekday insertion: (IL4.00 per word)

Number of times Friday insertion: (IL5.00 per word)

Minimum charge — 8 words — IL32.00 weekdays; IL40.00 Fridays.

Number of words: My cheque for IL is enclosed

Name: Address:

Tel. No. (signature)

ALL ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE POSTED AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE OF PUBLICATION

The Jerusalem Post reserves the right to refuse, revise, or postpone publication of any advertisement, and to make necessary alterations, without prior notification to the advertiser.

THE JERUSALEM POST

WHAT'S ON

TELEVISION

ON THE AIR

B-G Airport Flights

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

CINEMAS

FLY THE SUN TO EILAT



WHAT'S ON

JERUSALEM
HADASSAH TOURS
1. Medical Centre at 9.30 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 12.15 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. Last tour on Friday at 12.15 p.m. Kennedy Building. No charge.
Buses 19 and 27.
2. Morning half-day tour of all Hadassah projects. \$3 per person towards transportation. By reservation only. Tel. 416333.

ISRAELI MUSEUM: Exhibitions: Zvi Malinovsky: Archaeological Discoveries in Jewish Quarter of Jerusalem. Second temple: Mari Shamir — Photographs from Sahel: Sassoon Passover Hagaddah, Spain-Provence, 14th cent. parchment: Inspiration from the Old: Ancient Myths in Graphic Arts: Nabatean Coins: Arie Aroch: Itineraries and Forms, until May 8; Danese — Profile of a Company: "Young and Old" — Photography Exhibition: Painted Greek Vases — An exercise in observation: Our Pupils at Work, 1975: Roman Mosaic pavement from Shechem, 3rd-4th cent. C.E. at Rockefeller. Visiting hours:
May 4, Memorial Day, 10 a.m.-5 p.m.;
Wed., May 5, Independence Day, 10 a.m.-5 p.m., entrance free, courtyard of the Jerusalem Municipality; Thurs., May 6, 10 a.m.-5 p.m.; Fri., May 7, 10 a.m.-2 p.m.; Sat., May 8, 10 a.m.-2 p.m.
Free guided tours (English) Sun. and Wed., 11 a.m. from upper entrance hall, main entrance.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY, tours in English at 9 and 11 a.m. from Administration Building. Givat Ram Campus. Mount Scopus tours 11.30 a.m. from the Martin Buber Building. Buses 9 and 28. School of Education bus stop. Further details: Tel. 35430.

AMERICAN MUSEUM WOMEN, Guest Tours — Jerusalem — Tel. 321808, 22644.

JERUSALEM BIBLICAL ZOO, Schmeller Road, Romema. Tel. 553522, 7.30 a.m. — dusk.

A STONE IN DAVID'S TOWER Sound and Light Show in Jerusalem. Every evening except Friday, 7.30 p.m. in Hebrew; 8.45 p.m. in English. Additional show at 10 p.m. Mon., Tues., Wed., Sat., in English; Sun., Thurs., in French. Tickets: Jerusalem agencies and Citadel box office (evenings). Please come warmly dressed.

JERUSALEM HILTON and REHOBOT OBSERVATORY AND MUSEUM. The only Jewellers in Israel with a world-wide guarantee. H. Stern Jewellers. Duty and tax free.

TOUR VE'ALEH — World Zionist Organization Aliya and Absorption Dept. "Getting to know Israel" — Programmes in English, Thursday in JERUSALEM — MORIA HOTEL at 8.30 p.m. with Settlers New Immigrants and Experts — Everyone welcome. Admission free.

Thursday in TEL AVIV — GRAND BEACH HOTEL — 8.30 p.m. Central Information Office evening. Israeli film in English with panel of experts. Everyone welcome — Admission free.

TEL AVIV MUSEUM, 27 Sderot Shaul Hamelechi, Victor Vasarely Exhibition; Andre Elbaz, serigraphs; Isaac Henikler, etchings. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion; 6

Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Office, 209 Rehov Hameginim. Tel. 642461, 694578.

REHOBOT WEIZMANN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE Conducted tours, Sun. to Fri. at 10.30 a.m., starting from the lobby of the Stone Administration Building.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

PIONEER WOMEN — MOETZET HAPALOG, Free morning tours, Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday, By appointment: call Tel. 2611, ext. 585, Tel Aviv.

AMERICAN MUSEUM WOMEN, Guest Tours — Tel Aviv — Tel. 220187, 243106.

NATIONAL RELIGIOUS WOMEN'S MUSEUM, Museum of Ethnography and Folklore: Alphabet Museum; Leahy Planetarium; Nechushtan Pavillion; Tinnat Excavations; Tel Qasbi Excavations.

New exhibition of ceramics by Lydia Zavanova, Sonia Nitz and Rina Kimhy, in the Ceramics Exhibition.

2 Museum of Antiquities of Tel Aviv-Yafo, 10 Rehov Mifratz Shalom.

3 Museum of the History of Tel Aviv-Yafo, 31 Rehov Bialik.

All Museums open Sun.-Thurs., 9 a.m.-4 p.m.; Fri. 9 a.m.-1 p.m. Sat. 10 a.m.-4 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

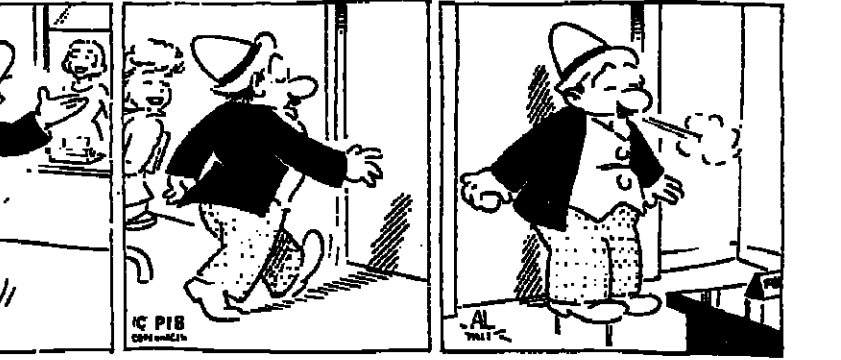
Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.

Visit the ISRAELI WAX MUSEUM, 118 Rehov Hameginim, Tel. 226338, 5 a.m.-5 p.m. On Sat. admission free. Plantarium closed.



WHAT'S ON

JERUSALEM
HADASSAH TOURS
1. Medical Centre at 9.30 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 12.15 p.m. and 3.00 p.m. Last tour on Friday at 12.15 p.m. Kennedy Building. No charge.
Buses 19 and 27.
2. Morning half-day tour of all Hadassah projects. \$3 per person towards transportation. By reservation only. Tel. 416333.

ISRAELI MUSEUM: Exhibitions: Zvi Malinovsky: Archaeological Discoveries in Jewish Quarter of Jerusalem. Second temple: Mari Shamir — Photographs from Sahel: Sassoon Passover Hagaddah, Spain-Provence, 14th cent. parchment: Inspiration from the Old: Ancient Myths in Graphic Arts: Nabatean Coins: Arie Aroch: Itineraries and Forms, until May 8; Danese — Profile of a Company: "Young and Old" — Photography Exhibition: Painted Greek Vases — An exercise in observation: Our Pupils at Work, 1975: Roman Mosaic pavement from Shechem, 3rd-4th cent. C.E. at Rockefeller. Visiting hours:
May 4, Memorial Day, 10 a.m.-5 p.m.;
Wed., May 5, Independence Day, 10 a.m.-5 p.m., entrance free, courtyard of the Jerusalem Municipality; Thurs., May 6, 10 a.m.-5 p.m.; Fri., May 7, 10 a.m.-2 p.m.; Sat., May 8, 10 a.m.-2 p.m.
Free guided tours (English) Sun. and Wed., 11 a.m. from upper entrance hall, main entrance.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY, tours in English at 9 and 11 a.m. from Administration Building. Givat Ram Campus. Mount Scopus tours 11.30 a.m. from the Martin Buber Building. Buses 9 and 28. School of Education bus stop. Further details: Tel. 35430.

AMERICAN MUSEUM WOMEN, Guest Tours — Jerusalem — Tel. 321808, 22644.

BUSINESS & FINANCE

Record year for citrus shipments

YA'ACOV FRIEDLER / Jerusalem Post Reporter

THIS YEAR'S citrus export season, which ends this week, has been the best yet with record quantities of fruit shipped and a record sum of foreign currency earned. The general manager of the Citrus Marketing Board, Yosef Tulipman, announced at a "season end" party on board the Zim freighter M.S. Hadar yesterday, that nearly 49 million cases were shipped this year, a million more than last year's record export. The income will top the \$180m. mark, a rise of over \$10m. over last year.

"The economic status of the citrus growers has been improving over the past two years," he noted.

In addition, the Gaza citrus growers exported 2.8 million cases, overland and overseas, earning additional foreign currency.

The director of the board's export department, Ami Tzur, noted that 54 per cent of the fruit was shipped through Haifa Port, which had

handled for more than its "natural" share, as most of the groves are nearer Ashdod Port. He attributed this to the "smooth and problem-less work" at Haifa Port.

Meanwhile, in another development, the Economic Ministers' Committee, which on Sunday discussed the approval requested by the Port Authority for the construction of Haifa Port's 11.5m. passenger terminal, decided to empower the Ministers of Finance and Transport to make the final decision. The Jerusalem Post learned. It is hoped to complete construction within a year, once work is started.

The port has also overcome the congestion which developed over the past fortnight, as a result of the shortened work week during the Passover holiday and the diversion of ships from Ashdod to Haifa due to the labour trouble at Ashdod.

Company reports useless, says Bar-Ilan economist

SARAH HONIG / Jerusalem Post Reporter

RAMAT GAN. — "The financial reports published by Israeli corporations are misleading for the investor, irrelevant for lending institutions, and useless as a tool for decision-making by management," according to Prof. Solomon Fink of the Bar Ilan University economic department.

Prof. Fink was one of three speakers at a recent seminar on "The Influence of Inflation on Financial Reporting" conducted by the Institute of Accounting Research of the university and the CPA society in Israel. More than 200 accountants attended the conference.

Prof. Fink, together with Dr. Isaac Birati and Dr. Meir Ungar of

Bar Ilan, recently completed an analysis of the 19 industrial corporations listed on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange. According to their findings the earnings of these corporations dropped sharply when adjusted to the rate of inflation between 1968 — 1974. In 1974 most of the firms reported nominal inflated profits, although they actually suffered losses when one adjusted their figures to the rate of inflation.

Prof. Fink also pointed out that the so-called earnings from unlinked loans are, in many cases, illusory. Some of the profit is lost to income tax and the companies later have to obtain larger loans to replace capital assets.

Drop in industrial investment predicted

MACABEE DEAN / Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Dr. Zvi Dinstein, chairman of the board of the Industrial Development Bank, this week forecast a two per cent drop in industrial investments in 1976, following an increase of eight per cent a real terms for 1975.

He described the drop as dangerous, "which should seriously concern investors in the battle to win a foothold in the Common Market, he said in a press conference at Beit Ahava here.

Moreover, he noted, most of the loans made by the bank in 1975 were for major government-sponsored projects, in one form or another, such as the refinancing of the aviation industry and the ports. Other sectors were poorly represented, perhaps due to the fact that they were awaiting passage of

a new investment law. Dr. Dinstein noted that of the IL\$500m. invested in industry in 1975, some IL\$1,100m. came from the Industrial Development Bank. (In 1974, through various firms, the bank invested only IL\$400m.) Moreover, the bank approved loans valued at IL\$200m. in 1975, as compared to only IL\$50m. in 1974. (Loans approved does not necessarily mean that the funds were actually expended in investments the same year.)

In 1975, the bank made a profit of IL\$1.8m. before taxes, about twice the amount of the previous year. It would pay the same dividends for 1975 as it did for 1974, and these, due to linkage, would run from 17.58 per cent on common preferred stock to 35 per cent on its Gimef preferred stock.



Service with a smile in the economy class section of a Lufthansa Airbus.

AIRBUS—AN ENTIRELY NEW CONCEPTION IN CIVIL AVIATION

YA'ACOV FRIEDLER / Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEFORE THE DISCOVERY of the U.S. victory in the Nato warplane battle, have a chance to die down, a new air battle is shaping up. This time it is to replace the 1,300 Airbus scheduled to be phased out by the world's airlines during the next decade.

The first shot in this fight, with gigantic stakes in jobs and money, has already been fired. It has taken the form of the Airbus, a new, two-engine, wide bodied passenger aircraft, developed and manufactured jointly by a five nation, European company, Airbus Industrie, specially set up for the purpose. Though founded in 1980, Airbus Industrie has already sold orders for 33 planes, and options for another 23.

The first 16 of the aircraft are already in service, two of them with the German airline, Lufthansa, which this month invited foreign correspondents to visit the Industrie's back-up installations and the impressive Lufthansa facilities in Frankfurt and Hamburg to mark the inauguration of Lufthansa's Airbus flights.

The Airbus represents an entirely new conception in civil aviation, a wide-bodied plane (resembling the Jumbo Jets inside), with only two engines for far lower fuel consumption and noise levels. The plane now costs between \$22m. and \$26m., though the firm's directors hasten to add that the price is linked to an escalator clause, to allow it to fly along with Europe's inflation. It is the world's only twin-engine wide body plane, and is designed for the short and medium range routes, which according to the company would make it "ideal for EL Al's purposes."

But senior vice president for marketing, Dan Krohn, of Boeing, immediately qualified this with the remark that the firm had not tried to sell the plane to EL Al "because we know they need long range planes as, due to your political situation, they never know which country may deny them landing rights, or refuse to permit them to overfly its airspace."

On the other hand, he stressed that the firm would try to sell the plane in the U.S. in competition with the American aircraft manufacturers, who have until now dominated the civil airliner market. When Airbus Industrie was founded in 1980, France, Germany and Britain were to have been the major partners in the new venture. However, the British Labour Government, alarmed perhaps by the mounting costs and diminishing outlook of the Concorde, backed out. Finally, the French Aerospace and the German Deutsche Airbus companies financed 47.9 per cent each, with the Spanish aircraft company, CASA, coming in as a 4.2 per cent partner. In addition Hawker Siddeley Aviation became an associate member and the Dutch Fokker VFW aviation firm also came in on this basis.

The German manufacturers are Messerschmitt-Bölkow-Blohm which is responsible for the fuselage sec-

tion and VFW Fokker of Bremen, which together with the Dutch Fokker company builds the forward fuselage section. Aerospaceplane builds mainly the Airbus cockpit. CASA builds part of the plane's tail, and Hawker Siddeley part of the wing.

The partners invested \$1,000 million and according to the senior vice presidents, they will have to sell 300 planes to break even. They expect, apparently quite confidently, to do so within a decade.

The Airbus is designed to carry from 250 to 300 passengers, in much greater comfort than in conventional narrow body liners, two, four and two abreast, so that no passenger is more than one seat away from an aisle. The seats are slightly roomier and the plane has a higher ceiling, at 2.54 metres.

Lufthansa has not been too eager a customer for the Airbus, Dr. Rolf Stussel, director of the airline's engineering division, conceded. In line with his company's tradition for minimum risk he had considered its passenger capacity too large. These hesitations had been borne out by the unexpected economic slump that has set back passenger growth since 1974. Lufthansa began with the Airbus on its short (300 km.) Frankfurt-Hamburg domestic route and is now also deploying them on its Paris, London and Madrid flights. Lufthansa has no plans to fly the plane to Israel, but Air France is due to do so shortly.

Lufthansa has installed 253 seats in its Airbus, including 24 for first class passengers, and has designed its own distinctive interior design, eschewing the individual nozzle ventilation system, for a new type of "airwash." It has also eschewed the central overhead stowage for passengers' hand luggage, thus enhancing the overall impression of space and size. The Airbus can also carry up to 39 tons of cargo in holds under the passenger floor and up to 11.5 tons even when all seats are occupied.

Customers for the plane so far include Air France, Lufthansa, India Airlines, South African Airways, Korean Air Lines, Air Inter (French), Germanair, Trans European Airways and four options to "unnamed customers" who are charter companies which wish to remain anonymous until their craft go into service, to avoid pressures from the scheduled airlines.

Israel Corp. seeks new Zim chairman

HAIFA. — The Board of Directors of the Israel Corporation is due to convene in Israel at the end of this week to discuss a successor to the late Rav-Aluf David Elazar as board chairman of the Zim Company.

The Corporation, which owns 50 per cent of Zim, is entitled to recommend a candidate to the Government, which owns a 40 per cent interest.

It is expected that another unpaid chairman will be appointed, as was the case with Elazar two years ago. It was also learned that no appointment will be made before the end of the 30-day mourning period which ends on May 15.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RATES
5.5.76

Official Exchange Rates (transfers and cheques)

	Purchase	Sale
U.S. Dollar	7.6700	7.6754
Sterling	13.8443	14.0181
Rand	8.7767	8.8995
Swiss Fr.	3.08065	3.09149
French Fr.	1.63731	1.65497
Dutch Fl.	2.84548	2.87212
DM	3.01730	3.04727

INTERBANK LONDON

SPOT RATES

Dollar	1.8265/75 per \$
DM	2.5335/45 per \$
Swiss Fr.	2.5010/25 per \$
Like	905/95 per \$
Belgian Fr.	35.76/78 per \$
Dutch Fl.	2.6395/50 per \$
Yen	263.50/80 per \$
French Fr.	4.6610/30 per \$
Gold price:	\$128 — 128.75

FORWARD RATES

	1 Mo.	3 Mo.	6 Mo.
\$/L	1.8175/85	1.8015/85	1.7790/80
DM/\$	2.1255/65	2.1185/65	2.1020/65
Sw Fr./\$	2.4910/35	2.4780/35	2.4700/35

Testimony of accomplice not accepted

The Supreme Court allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court, delivered on February 23, 1976.

The appellant, Menachem Kinzi, was found guilty by the Tel Aviv District Court of receiving stolen property. His conviction was based mainly on the testimony of Yosef Eilon, against whom, at the time he testified, a charge of receiving the same stolen property was pending. Eilon testified after the prosecution had undertaken not to use any self-incriminating evidence in his testimony against him.

Kinzi appealed against his conviction, his counsel arguing that the evidence of Eilon should not have been admitted.

Mr. M. Aloni appeared for the appellant and Mr. Y. Mihalshel, Assistant State Attorney, for the respondent.

Justice Eitelson, who delivered the first opinion of the Supreme Court, pointed out, at the outset, that one of the reasons for not calling upon a person, against whom a charge is pending, to testify against another person accused of the same offence, is that the former might incriminate himself. This danger, he held, was removed in the case under consideration by the prosecution's declaration that they would not use anything said by the witness, Eilon, as evidence against him.

However, he continued, there is another reason for not admitting the evidence of a person against whom a charge is pending in connection with the same offence: that is, that a witness ought not to be placed in the position where he could possibly hope for some form of reward in return for his testimony. That is why, he noted, the English courts have held in the past that a witness involved in the same offence as the accused should not be called upon to testify in the latter's trial until means of the common law principles of evidence adopted by the courts of Israel.

Justice Shamgar then made a survey of local and English jurisprudence, concluding that while in Israel there is no direct precedent for the case under consideration, in England the following rules have been established by the courts: a partner to an offence may be called upon to testify against his co-offender if he is tried separately, or if he pleads guilty and is sentenced before he testifies, or if a stay of proceedings against him is issued, or if the prosecution refrains from bringing evidence against him in order to enable him to be acquitted.

Insofar as the separation of trials is concerned, continued Justice Shamgar, an additional criterion has been added in England as a matter of practice: that the prosecution must make it plain that the proceedings against the person called upon to testify against would be discontinued. A similar practice is followed in the U.S., he added.

The question to be considered, therefore, held Justice Shamgar, is whether the Israeli courts should also adopt the rule practised in England and the U.S. and disqualify the testimony of an accomplice whose trial is still pending unless the prosecution has made it clear

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Criminal Appeals
Before Justices Witkon, Eitelson and Shamgar.
Menachem Kinzi, Appellant, v. State of Israel, Respondent (Cr. A. 194/76)

LAW REPORT

Edited by Doris Lankin

was there any agreement on the part of the prosecution that he would be treated as a state's witness and that the indictment against him would be withdrawn (as was the case in Cr.A. 169/74).

So that while, formally, the testimony of Eilon was admissible (by virtue of section 2 of the Evidence Ordinance), the correct practice would have been to refrain from calling him to testify as long as there existed any fear whatsoever that he might expect to benefit in some way, from giving testimony against the appellant, when his own trial takes place. This fear could have been forestalled by declaring him to be a State's witness and withdrawing the indictment against him, or by completing his trial before calling upon him to testify against the appellant, or by a declaration on the part of prosecution that the charges against him would be dropped after he had completed his testimony. Since none of these preliminary steps had been taken, the witness Eilon should not have been allowed to testify against the appellant.

Since, therefore, concluded Justice Eitelson, the State's representative had very fairly conceded that without Eilon's testimony it would be difficult to convict the appellant, the appeal should be allowed and the appellant acquitted.

Justice Shamgar, with whom Justice Witkon concurred, held that he agreed with Justice Eitelson's conclusion but wished to add some observations concerning the line of action which should be adopted in cases such as the one under consideration: that is where X, who is a partner to an offence with Y, is called upon to testify against Y while his own trial is still pending.

It is agreed, he said, that there is nothing in Israel law which disqualifies testimony of the above nature, since section 139 of the Civil Procedure Law deals only with the case where two or more persons are charged under one information, and not where they are charged separately, as happened in the present case. The question must therefore be continued, he solved by means of the common law principles of evidence adopted by the courts of Israel.

Justice Shamgar then made a survey of local and English jurisprudence, concluding that while in Israel there is no direct precedent for the case under consideration, in England the following rules have been established by the courts: a partner to an offence may be called upon to testify against his co-offender if he is tried separately, or if he pleads guilty and is sentenced before he testifies, or if a stay of proceedings against him is issued, or if the prosecution refrains from bringing evidence against him in order to enable him to be acquitted.

Insofar as the separation of trials is concerned, continued Justice Shamgar, an additional criterion has been added in England as a matter of practice: that the prosecution must make it plain that the proceedings against the person called upon to testify against would be discontinued. A similar practice is followed in the U.S., he added.

The question to be considered, therefore, held Justice Shamgar, is whether the Israeli courts should also adopt the rule practised in England and the U.S. and disqualify the testimony of an accomplice whose trial is still pending unless the prosecution has made it clear

Kenya safari tours by El Al-Dizenhaus

Jerusalem Post Reporter

El Al in conjunction with Dizenhaus Tours last week announced the introduction of a new "Kenya safari" tour.

Weekly flights to Kenya will offer 15-day all-in packages, with accommodation in first-class hotels plus wildlife tours, or, for younger excursionists (up to 31), 19-day camping safaris.

Both packages, according to Israel's El Al manager Yehuda Shimon and A. Halperin of Dizenhaus, have been tailored to leave Israelis ample pocket money from their foreign currency allowance.

The more luxurious tour is tagged at IL\$6,900 plus \$280, while the camping junket, takes IL\$750 and the \$280 of the \$450 allowance.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Wednesday, May 5, 1976

Prices sag, trading light

NEW YORK. — Prices sagged in the stock market yesterday amid uncertainty over the outlook for interest rates and inflation.

The Dow Jones average of 30 industrial stocks dropped 7.24 to close at 986.48.

Volume, at 14.97 million shares, was the third lightest of the year. Investors still seemed to be inhibited by recent indications that

the federal reserve was inclined to tighten up a bit on the growth of the U.S. money supply. There also appeared to be some precautionary selling in advance of the government's report scheduled for this morning on wholesale price trends during April. (AP)

The New York Stock Exchange figures are not appearing today due to technical difficulties.

U.S. oil companies talk to Vietnam

NEW YORK. — There is a possibility of private U.S. oil exploration resuming off the coast of Vietnam, says the Mobil Oil Corporation.

Despite the lack of diplomatic or trade relations between the two countries, Mobil has been meeting with Vietnamese officials in an effort to re-open exploration off Vietnam, which fell to the Communists just under a year ago, an official spokesman for Mobil said.

A second source, a Mobil executive who did not wish to be identified, said the company has met in Paris with high-ranking Vietnamese leaders four times since last July.

"We have had two meetings with the South Vietnamese provisional government and two others with officials from Hanoi," said the source.

"The pace will depend on the Vietnamese. It will depend on the kind of deals they are willing to make," the Mobil source continued, characterizing the talks as "meetings," not "negotiations."

"I have no knowledge of any arms that the Vietnamese have sent forward," he said. "I don't think anyone is negotiating yet."

Big American oil companies lost billions when Vietnam fell, although oil research in that part of Asia was still in the exploration

stages. Only a few well heads had been set up before South Vietnam fell last April, and experts cannot predict how much oil might be found.

Last August, Nguyen Huu Tho, chairman of the National Liberation Front's central committee, said Saigon was prepared to permit foreign countries to exploit South Vietnam's offshore oil deposits, if they respected Saigon's "sovereignty and independence."

Since then, French and Canadian firms have openly asked for drilling permits in the South China Sea.

The U.S. placed a trade embargo on North Vietnam during the war but has granted exceptions to permit limited export of humanitarian aid, primarily medical supplies, to Hanoi by such groups as the American Friends Service Committee.

Last December, members of the House of Representatives' Select Committee on Missing Persons in Southeast Asia talked with Vietnamese representatives in Paris. Committee Chairman G.V. Montgomery (Democrat-Mississippi) said lifting of the trade embargo was one of the steps that the Vietnamese saw as necessary for improved relations with the U.S.

However, on Friday, President Ford said the U.S. has no intention of normalizing relations with North Vietnam. (AP)

REQUIRED

French, English, German Shorthand Typist
permanent full time job
Apply: Tel. 63-56955

Only IL15.25

display window
vanishing, perishing
pioneer, vanguard
forward (football)
pioneering spirit
dressing-gown; work-coat

It's Child's Play With
THE NEW BANTAM-MEGIDDO
HEBREW / ENGLISH-ENGLISH / HEBREW
DICTIONARY

The most up-to-date and comprehensive
one volume English/Hebrew, Hebrew/English Dictionary
available anywhere in the world

Includes: ☐ 48,000 entries ☐ Including a concise explanation of the essentials of grammar in both languages ☐ Hundreds of new words in both English and Hebrew

Includes: ☐ Tables of irregular verbs ☐ The Plene spelling; modern usage in accordance with the latest rules of the Hebrew Language Academy

DR. R. SIVAN and DR. E.A. LEVENSTON

Now available at all better bookshops and offices of

Sole Distributor
Bronfman's Agency Ltd.

To the Jerusalem Post
P.O.B. 81 Jerusalem, Israel
Please send me one copy of the
New Bantam-Megiddo
I attach herewith my cheque
for IL15.25.

NAME: _____
ADDRESS: _____

CIS CONTINENT-ISRAEL
SCHIFFAHRTSGES. m.b.h. & Co. K.G.

THE DIFFERENCE IS IN THE SERVICE

An efficient independent Shipping Line with modern multipurpose vessels built in 1974/75

Donar — Lindaunis — Thunar — Nordwind — Boknis

Serving BREMEN — HAMBURG — ROTTERDAM — FELIXSTOWE (U.K.) — ANTWERP — HAIFA — and HAIFA — BREMEN — HAMBURG — ROTTERDAM — FELIXSTOWE — ANTWERP.

Frequent sailings — reasonable rates.

Israel General Agents: ALLALOUF & CO.

TEL AVIV: 94 Allenby Road, Tel. 613339, 611757, 614040
HAIFA: 6 Rehov Khayat, Tel. 667752/3

Greater Dan Region Association of Towns (Sewerage)
Tender No. 50/D-4/ISP/76
Israel Sewerage Project

Greater Dan Region Association of Towns (Sewerage) hereby invites contractors to submit bids for sewerage works comprising the laying of a force main and delivery line from the existing manhole, C 108, towards the south terminal at North Holon-Azor Pumping Station, to be constructed at a future date, and the laying of a collector from this pumping station to manhole No. 8.

Tender Documents and Forms of Tender can be obtained against payment of IL600.- (non-refundable) from the Engineering Department of the G.D.R.A. of Towns (Sewerage), 24 Rehov Nahlat Benyamin, Tel Aviv.

Bidders must submit their bids in two copies on the forms provided, and in compliance with the conditions of Tender. Bids accompanied by a bank guarantee of 5% (five per cent) of the bid total, valid for a period of 120 days from the last day set for the submission of the Tender, must be placed in the Tender Box not later than June 6, 1976, (12 noon).

The envelope containing the bids should be marked:
The Israel Sewerage Project
Tender No. 50/D-4/ISP/76

Greater Dan Region Association of Towns (Sewerage)
Bids arriving after the closing date, and bids submitted without the bank guarantee will not be considered.

Terms of payment: 90% in cash against an approved interim bill, as specified in the Tender Documents.

Bids may be submitted by contractors who have been prequalified for the Israel Sewerage Project, for works of a value of at least IL3,000,000.-

Bids may also be submitted by others who are registered in the Contractors' Register under the section: sewerage, drainage, and waterworks, for work of at least IL3,000,000.-. These contractors will have to apply for qualification.

A site inspection for contractors will be held on May 18, 1976, leaving from the office of G.D.R.A. of Towns at 10.00 a.m. The Tender Board is not bound to accept the lowest or any proposal for the entire works or parts thereof.

Yehiel Caspi
Chairman of
G.D.R.A. of Towns (Sewerage)

THE TASKS AHEAD

AFTER A DAY of celebration the thoughts of Israelis turn, as they should, to the hard tasks ahead. In a tough-spoken television message on the very eve of the Day of Independence, Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin warned the citizenry of some of the problems the State might be facing in its twenty-ninth year.

The Arab governments, Mr. Rabin pointed out, are still unwilling to make any progress towards the Israeli conception of peace. In fact, none of them has so far made any favourable response to the suggestion for negotiations on even an end to the state of war. The Prime Minister foresaw no greater inclination for peace on the part of the Arabs in the near future.

Moreover, he suggested that the coming year could see an escalation of the Arab campaign on the Palestinian issue, and for PLO representation in all diplomatic processes on the making of a settlement, based perhaps on a deliberate misreading of the results of the recent municipal elections in Judea and Samaria. Most disturbing, as he saw it, was the possibility of an erosion in the current U.S. stand on the Palestinians.

As if to underline the Prime Minister's stern prognosis, the Egyptian ambassador to the UN asked the Security Council on Tuesday to recognize the PLO as "a responsible entity capable of building an independent national authority on the territories to be liberated in Palestine."

Although Egypt, along with the rest of the Arab countries, insists that the Palestinian problem is "the heart of the conflict" in the Middle East, Ambassador Esmat Abdul Meguid did not even try to present his celebration of the PLO as a programme for peace. Indeed how could he? For what he was embracing, on orders of his government, which caused the Council to convene precisely on Israel's Memorial Day, was nothing less than the PLO's "transitional programme" for a takeover of Palestine.

This programme calls for the establishment of a PLO "national authority" — but not a fully-fledged government, which might entail obligations, such as keeping the peace — as a stage in the struggle for complete "liberation" of Palestine, before its assimilation into the projected single Arab state.

The Egyptian government cannot really expect the Security Council to endorse this kind of programme, perhaps even without the benefit of a U.S. veto, at least not yet. But then the immediate motivation for putting it forward had hardly anything to do with the ostensible matter at hand: it was simply a convenient occasion to employ the PLO as a club with which to beat Egypt's current Arab adversary, Syria. This is only characteristic. For the past twenty-eight years the Arab states, led by Egypt, have been tearing each other apart in the hallowed name of "Palestinian rights."

The satisfaction of these "rights" in the way suggested by the Egyptian — that is, the PLO — formula would not only wreck any hope for peace between the Arab states and Israel, but would also serve to exacerbate the disputes among the Arab states themselves. This is almost too obvious for most Israelis to require restatement. Regrettably, it is by no means apparent to a great many Americans.

PEOPLE AND POLITICS

'It's the consensus, not the man that counts'

THE LABOUR PARTY'S steering forum (before the general elections) after the general elections will not necessarily be identical with today's key men. "The issues, not the men, will decide." The observation comes from David Kalderon, a shrewd student of politicians in Mapai's inner circle. Managing director of the Agricultural Bank, Kalderon seldom speaks in public, and he holds no executive position in the Labour Party today. There is scarcely an important meeting, however, of Labour's upper echelon at which Kalderon is not present. Sometimes described as Mapai's "grey eminence," he is a good judge of men, and he has been on the lookout for persons capable of handling this situation or that.

"With Ford likely to be in the White House for another term," Kalderon muses, "we may well be facing another Eisenhower era," and our policy calls for a thorough re-appraisal. The possible courses open to us are not many.

"Look at Professor Avineri: no sooner has he assumed a position of responsibility than his tone changes." In his first public statement made after he became director general of the Foreign Ministry, Avineri stressed that the crux of the Israel-Arab conflict is the refusal of the Arabs to give formal recognition to Israel. "If that is Avineri, I am with him all the way."

In the controversy between Allon and Peres on the actual line of "security borders," it stands to reason, Kalderon argues, that the final draft "must be somewhere between Allon's and Peres' outlines." Those are facts of life, and they cannot be altered by the wishful thinking of hawks or doves. Anyone who wants to lead in Israel's struggle for survival will have to bear the facts in mind.

"Abba Eban and Ben-Aharon will have to step down from their immutable positions. And, on the other side, Ben-Porat." Will this lead to an explosion? Will some of the extremists leave the party? No, he rather thinks that "all will remain in the family."

Kalderon came to Mapai, the forerunner of Labour, from Hashomer Hatzair, the forerunner of Mapam. Born into a family of businessmen in a southern town of Yugoslavia, Kalderon's ap-

The Labour Party has never tolerated inflexible positions, and it will not do so now on the question of Israel's security borders, the party's man behind the scenes, David Kalderon, tells Sraya Shapiro.

precursorship in life in Palestine was served in Ya'akov Hazan's kibbutz, Mishmar Ha'emek; later he was one of the founders of Sha'ar Ha'amakim, near Tivon. But he later switched to a moshav, and finally settled in Kfar Shmaryahu, where he became involved in Mapai affairs.

AS KALDERON sees it, the Labour Party is based on the premise that nobody in the party can have his way unchallenged. The opposition to Ben-Gurion arose not from policies but from the way he treated his opponents. The party never forgave Ben-Gurion for humiliating Lavon and ejecting him from the decision-making circle. Hence, when Eshkol came under Ben-Gurion's fire, the Mapai establishment revolted. Kalderon was an "Eshkol man": it was Eshkol who drafted him into the party apparatus, in which he long held the post of organizational secretary.

Where a personality of Ben-Gurion's stature failed, his successors cannot expect to succeed. It is simply that the Labour Party believes in group decisions. The application of this principle to the present-day situation is obvious. Either the Rabin-Peres-Allon team learn to work together, or the recalcitrant power-seeker may have to leave.

Was the recent meeting at the home of Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz a step towards reviving the Mapai faction? "Not at all," Kalderon says. It was an unhappy initiative, anyhow. Whoever had the idea that a shadow leadership can be created in a big party was wrong. Decision making must be made in the decision-making bodies. The

"steering forum" is not such a body, only a meeting of executives to air issues.

If the "forum" had discussed the "civil servants" pay in time, there would have been no need for a Barkai committee. "Everybody knew what the committee would recommend, the views of Professor Barkai were well known, and he was given free hand in choosing his associates. Barkai did not reconcile the conflicting views of the Treasury and the Histadrut."

"Possibly (Kalderon shrugs his shoulders) some of those invited to meet with him would have believed they would constitute a new forum, more final in its resolutions. But that was not the intention of the host, and I do not think the initiative will lead to anything."

THINGS will have to take shape in the party by October, when the elections for Labour's national convention take place. Kalderon, who has assumed the chairmanship of the electoral committee, takes a broad view of his responsibilities. "It is not just that elections are held properly and honestly, but that the issues on which the members vote are clearly stated and the solutions clearly outlined." Although people generally talk about borders and personalities, because those seem easier to grasp, the real issues confronting Israel are economic; the party must lead in solving the economic difficulties.

Would the Alignment survive the election? It all depends on Mapam, Kalderon surmises. "They have grave internal problems to overcome, and they have their national convention in June. But the Labour Party cannot be forced into hasty resolutions just because of Mapam. We have our own time-table to adhere to. If I were Mapam, I would think twice before breaking up the Alignment. Alone, they would hardly have a chance to get more than half their present Knesset representation as an Alignment partner."

Moreover, Kalderon hints, the "Gallil document" was not likely to be revived in Labour's new platform. It was that document, which included plans for settlement, that Mapam has objected to vigorously in the past four years. The challenge that Kalderon would offer the youth of Israel is the development of Galilee.

VIEWPOINT

Saving the universities

FROM a Ben-Gurion University Library window I can see Arab workers building the new Humanities Building that is, no doubt, being paid for by some overseas friends of the University. At another time, I might have speculated on the symbolism inherent in the scene: I might have asked whose humanities and whose culture would be here enshrined or what kind of Zionist dream is expressed in this picture as American dollars and Arab sweat are mixed to make concrete "our" commitment to culture in the Negev. I might have asked about the purposes of education and about the teacher in this Humanities Building would serve as a cultural centre or as an isolation ward for those breathing the rarefied, drier-than-even-Bereshba scholarly air of academic culture.

But I have no time for such idle speculation, for over my shoulder are Government ministers with bottles of red ink and cartoon images of pre-historic monsters called Budget Deficits. And the Government ministers are chasing university administrators who, like the Queen in Alice in Wonderland, hope to solve their problems and pacify their demanding monetary gods by shouting, "Off with their heads!" Decapitate the Humanities!

Caught between the building scene before me and the not so fantastic fantasy of destruction behind me, I resist the incredible irony. I refuse (I think) to think theoretically, I hold back my simultaneous attacks on and defense of what the Humanities are and should be in the Negev. I become the practical realist asking himself, given the situation now, here, in the university and the country, what we can do to meet the physical need of keeping the university alive and the spiritual need of defining Zionism today.

The first and immediate problem is money, the lack of which in the Treasury and hence in the universities is given as the reason for dismissing faculty. Faculty members, instead of mulling about going out on strike, should start working to save each other and the universities through a temporary programme of individual retrenchment and self-sacrifice that could preserve the faculty as a whole.

I PROPOSE that in exchange for a pledge by the university administration and the Ministry of Education not to reduce the academic staff in institutions of higher learning for the next two years, the faculty should agree

• To forgo any additional increases due to seniority that they would be entitled to in the next two years.

• To declare a two-year moratorium on the use of university funds for travel outside the country — except in extreme cases to be ruled on by a national committee of senior professors.

To help solve the financial crisis of the universities, Joel Magid proposes the levying of a "work tax" on both students and faculty. And it would have valuable by-products in addition, he maintains.

• To forgo half of the c-o-i increase that they would be entitled to during the next year.

This is a temporary, emergency programme to ensure the continuity of the universities and the protection of the university budgets from the ravages of inflation while the following, more far-reaching programme for financing our institutions of higher education can be worked out.

The universities (and universities are not abstractions; they are people — faculty, staff, and students) must learn to support themselves and rely less on foreign charity and government subsidies. Self-support means self-taxation, but self-taxation need not mean direct monetary taxation. We all have our own labour and time, and if we believe that the university should survive we who are directly involved in its functioning must all be willing to work to support it.

I propose that every full-time member of faculty and every university student be taxed equally at the rate of 15 days of work a year. If the average work year consists of something like 270 real work days, each 18 teachers and students will produce one year of work and enough income to support much of the universities' expenses. Students who don't wish to work for 15 days should have the alternative of paying IL3,000 extra tuition, and faculty members of paying one month's salary.

The work should be income-producing, Zionist labour. Agreement could be reached with kibbutzim, moshavim, and other fruit growers to donate to the universities a negotiated sum of money for every box of fruit picked by the students and faculty of that university. The technical problems could be worked out without much of a fuss, and even the kibbutzim that have been struggling with questions of hiring outside labour in their orchards might be able to find an ideologically satisfying solution in terms of donating these labour expenses to the universities.

IMPORTANT as the income produced by such labour would be for the survival of the universities, and as healthy as such physical work would be for most teachers and students, the psychological/spiritual rewards from such work would be equally

great. The student and lecturer supporting the university by their own physical labour would both have much stronger feelings of participation in and concern for how the university is run and how it spends its money. Fifteen days' work would be neither repressive nor trivial; it could even be physically and emotionally stimulating. It would also restore to our academic world a connection with the land and with the feeling that even those engaged in study cannot and should not separate themselves from a basic feeling of participation in the ongoing development of the country.

Supported by such a system, our universities, even when built with the help of Arab labour and foreign charity, will by their very existence constitute an expression of Zionism and of the belief that the Jewish people can by their own continuing physical labour support the intellectual life that has been so important in the survival and self-definition of the Jews. And once our universities have such a Zionist base, it will, I believe, be much easier for them to ask and begin to answer the very fundamental questions of what universities should be in this country, and whether they should and could be different from and better than their foreign models.

Dr. Magid is a Lecturer in English at Ben-Gurion University and a member of Kibbutz Be'er.

THE TIMES

May 5, 1976

SPECIAL REPORT ABOUT ISRAEL

Available at your newsstand today
BRONFMAN'S AGENCY Ltd.

For the in people

There is no sign on the door, and only the very in people really know that one of the finest places to stay in Tel Aviv is the elegant Apartment Hotel. Here you can enjoy the privacy of your own home together with all the luxury of a first class hotel.

The Habakkuk Hotel opened 5 years ago in the vicinity of the Tel Hotel, down the road from the Hilton and Tel Aviv's other top hotels. It is very close to the sea and near the lovely Ha'atzmaut Park in the most pleasant area of Tel Aviv, at 7 Rehov Habakkuk (Tel. 4400).

In all, there are 20 apartments of various sizes, ranging from one to two rooms, with from two to five beds. All the rooms are exquisitely furnished to suit the most discriminating tastes, with beautiful furniture and wall-to-wall carpeting. Each flat has a kitchenette equipped with a refrigerator and gas-electric stove, though utensils are not supplied. There are separate bathrooms and toilets.

And together with all this, you have absolutely no household worries. The apartments are cleaned daily, bed linen is supplied as well as towels and kitchen towels. There is constant hot water and in summer the apartments are air-conditioned, while in the winter they are heated. And of course each apartment has television, radio and telephone. The management of the hotel — experts in creating a special atmosphere and offering superior service, point out that the public rooms are currently under construction, as they are being joined with the adjacent hotel now being built by the same firm.

The hotel is very popular with foreign embassies, which frequently keep a number of the executive flats reserved for diplomats and other visitors.

This article appeared in "This Week in Israel." The hotel is recommended by the Israel Ministry of Tourism.

(Adv.)

Dry Bones!



READERS' LETTERS

MORAL OUTRAGE IN SWEDEN

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir — Last week's events in Israel and on the West Bank have greatly worried me and many other Swedish Jews — actively loyal to Israel and the idea of Jewish self-determination in Israel. I fear more for Israel's survival now, than I ever did during the wars of 1967 and 1973. The present enemy is neither the PLO, nor the Arab states, nor the U.N., but Israel's attitude of complete disregard towards Israeli and Palestinian Arabs together with a dangerous display of leniency towards Gush Emunim and its sympathizers.

Israel and world Jewry feel that the world uses double standards when judging Israel. But do responsible Israelis really feel that creeping — or not so creeping — annexation, military repression, hearty receptions for Vorster, and an attitude of arrogance and disregard for the other people in the area — the Palestinian Arabs — constitute the correct response in the long run?

Hebron and Jericho were certainly Jewish once, and emotionally I can understand those who would like to keep these sacred towns. But, they are not worth the sacrifice of lowering Israel's moral level. Being a power of occupation inevitably leads to and I think Israel would have a lot to gain by giving up the West Bank to the newly elected municipalities.

The Palestinians' national aspirations would get a healthy outlet.

Israel would no longer bear the stigma of being a power of occupation. The Arab states would be deprived of a strong motive for acting against Israel.

And I would be spared the agony of watching Israeli soldiers in action against Arab children as I did yesterday on TV.

LISA ABROMOWICZ
Skarholmen, Sweden.

ABSORPTION MINISTRY DOES HELP

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir — As a new immigrant family from England with two children living in Israel some 18 months, I found Hadassah Bat-Haim's article, "Combating the anti-immigrant forces" (April 13) puzzling in many aspects.

Was your reporter not told that the Ministry of Absorption contributes IL480 towards the monthly rental of a family of four, which becomes a grant after living in the country for a minimum period of three years? So, where's the "expensive digs" the Rosens were living in?

Did these people really expect to make telephone calls to Haifa to resolve their housing problems with positive results? Of course not. Nor would they have been any more successful back in the old country.

J. SHAW
Haifa.

ZADOK CRITICIZE

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post
Sir — Though not a member Gush Emunim, I was deeply shocked to learn of a Minister of State (Zadok — April 25) speaking in breath about Rakah — open, dangerous enemies of the Jewish people (and, by the way, of mode Arabs) and the State of Israel — about Gush Emunim. Whatever opinions of Gush Emunim, though, their love of the Land of Israel is unquestioned.

What is questionable is Zadok's contention that Rakah which openly undermines our security, is not a danger to democracy. Many of us think that it is, and this weakness, not strength, allows Rakah to function under the aegis of the very democratic society it seeks to destroy.

The best answer to Mr. Zadok appears on the next page of this issue where you published a report the conference attended by representatives of veteran religious kibbutzim and moshavim — many of them members of Zadok's own party — who came for Jewish settlement on the West Bank. Are they too an extreme danger to democracy?

AHUYA K.

Jerusalem.

FAMILY PLANNING

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir — In Augustine Zycher's article "The contraception case" (A. 18), she states: "Government ministries regard the Israel Family Planning Association as an out-pressure group with whom the not necessarily have to cooperate. This statement shows a complete misunderstanding of the composition of the association and its role in this country."

Firstly, our association membership and Executive composed of people working in government ministries (Health, Education, Welfare, and the Ministry of the Interior) and Kibbutz Holim, and Kupat Holim. Secondly, it is quite incorrect to state that these bodies do not cooperate with us, or vice versa since we have been in constant contact with them for the past 18 months. They have frequently turned to the Association for advice and information, and more specifically, the Association granted over IL200,000 various clinics in Government Kupat Holim hospitals over the year, to help them to set up planning services in their out-clinics. We are now collaborating with all these bodies in their future activities.

Finally, since the Ministry of Health, the Director-General of the Ministry, and the Medical Director of Kupat Holim, are among Honorary Presidents, the suggestion that we are an "outside group" is plainly ridiculous!

JENNIFER TRAFLET
Israel Family Planning Association
Tel Aviv.



Commemorative Coins and Official State Medals

An enduring memento of your visit
The perfect gift for your friends and business associates

Visit our showroom:
JERUSALEM:
5 Rehov Ahad Ha'am
Tel. 02-68105/6/7/8

ISRAEL GOVERNMENT COINS AND MEDALS CORPORATION

Chamber Concert
at The Jerusalem Khan
Sunday, May 9, 1976,
8.30 p.m.
ARIE VARDI — piano
Works by Brahms, Mozart,
Beethoven

Read Daily
Herald Tribune
Published with the New York Times and the Washington Post
sole distributor
Steimatzky's

Available everywhere
Weidenfeld Paperback Colour Guides to Israel
Galilee and Golan
By Hadassah Bat-Haim
Photographer Ray Brody
Tel Aviv and Environs
By Mendel Kohnsky
Photographer Eliot Faye
Jerusalem, Judea and Samaria
By Sylvia Mann
Photographer David Harris
Co-publisher and Sole Distributor
STEIMATZKY'S

THE JERUSALEM POST
ADVERTISEMENTS
AND
LOCAL SUBSCRIPTIONS
6 REHOV ARISTOBULUS
JERUSALEM
(Near Kikar Zion)
DEADLINES
acceptance of classified advertisements in Jerusalem:
Daily editions 10 a.m., one day in advance,
Friday edition, Wednesday, 5 p.m.
Sunday edition, Thursday, 3 p.m.
Tel. 223966, 528181, ext. 219.

B&G - יבואים - יבואים
12 Rehov Heli Ivaz, Kikar Hamedina, Tel Aviv. Tel. 259539
Direct to the customer
FISHER STEREO EQUIPMENT
CALORIC BUILT-IN AMERICAN COOKING RANGES
MERCURY ELECTRONIC WATCHES
SALE ALSO TO NEW IMMIGRANTS

For the in people
There is no sign on the door, and only the very in people really know that one of the finest places to stay in Tel Aviv is the elegant Apartment Hotel. Here you can enjoy the privacy of your own home together with all the luxury of a first class hotel.
The Habakkuk Hotel opened 5 years ago in the vicinity of the Tel Hotel, down the road from the Hilton and Tel Aviv's other top hotels. It is very close to the sea and near the lovely Ha'atzmaut Park in the most pleasant area of Tel Aviv, at 7 Rehov Habakkuk (Tel. 4400).
In all, there are 20 apartments of various sizes, ranging from one to two rooms, with from two to five beds. All the rooms are exquisitely furnished to suit the most discriminating tastes, with beautiful furniture and wall-to-wall carpeting. Each flat has a kitchenette equipped with a refrigerator and gas-electric stove, though utensils are not supplied. There are separate bathrooms and toilets.
And together with all this, you have absolutely no household worries. The apartments are cleaned daily, bed linen is supplied as well as towels and kitchen towels. There is constant hot water and in summer the apartments are air-conditioned, while in the winter they are heated. And of course each apartment has television, radio and telephone. The management of the hotel — experts in creating a special atmosphere and offering superior service, point out that the public rooms are currently under construction, as they are being joined with the adjacent hotel now being built by the same firm.
The hotel is very popular with foreign embassies, which frequently keep a number of the executive flats reserved for diplomats and other visitors.
This article appeared in "This Week in Israel." The hotel is recommended by the Israel Ministry of Tourism.